ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᐃᑦ
2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ

2022–2023 ANNUAL REPORT

SAIMAQATIGIINGNIQ FUND

ᐃᒃᐱᐊᕐᔪᒃ
IKPIARJUK
(ARCTIC BAY)

ᖃᐅᓱᐃᑦᑐᖅ
QAUSUITTUQ
(RESOLUTE BAY)

ᐊᐅᓱᐃᑦᑐᖅ
AUSUITTUQ
(GRISE FIORD)

ᒥᑦᑎᒪᑕᓕᒃ
MITTIMATALIK

(POND INLET)

ᑲᖏᖅᑐᒑᐱᒃ
KANGIQTUGAAPIK
(CLYDE RIVER)

ᑭᕙᓪᓕᖅ KIVALLIQ

ᕿᑎᕐᒥᐅᑦ Lorem ipsum
QITIRMIUT
(KITIKMEOT REGION)

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᕐᔪᐊᖅ
QIKIQTARJUAQ

ᐸᓐᓂᖅᑑᖅ
PANGNIRTUNG

ᐃᖃᓗᐃᑦ
IQALUIT

ᑭᒻᒥᕈᑦ
KIMMIRUT

ᓴᓂᑭᓗᐊᖅ SANIKILUAQ

ᑭᙵᐃᑦ
KINNGAIT

ᐃᒡᓗᓕᒃ
IGLULIK

(IGLOOLIK)

ᓴᓂᕋᔭᒃ
SANIRAJAK

ᓴᓇᔭᐅᔪᖅ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᓐᓄᑦ
ᑎᑎᖅᑲᒃᑯᕕᒃ 1340

ᐃᖃᓗᐃᑦ, ᓄᓇᕗᑦ X0A 0H0

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P.O. Box 1340

Iqaluit, Nunavut X0A 0H0

ᑭᕙᓪᓕᖅ

KIVALLIQ REGION

ᕿᑎᕐᒥᐅᑦ
KITIKMEOT REGION

ᕿᑭᖅᑖᓗᒃ

QIKIQTANI REGION

2 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

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The Qikiqtani Inuit Association (QIA) is a not-for-profit society, which represents Inuit in the 13 communities of the Qikiqtani Region of Nunavut.

QIA is a Designated Inuit Organization under the Nunavut Agreement. QIA is one of three Regional Inuit Associations affiliated
with Nunavut Tunngavik Inc.; the other associations include the Kitikmeot Inuit Association and the Kivalliq Inuit Association.

Two other organizations operate under the QIA umbrella: Kakivak Association, responsible for community economic development and small businesses; and Qikiqtaaluk Corporation, created to manage economic development on behalf of QIA.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ (ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓃᒃᑯᑦ) ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓕᐅᖅᑎᐅᙱᑦᑐᑦ, ᑭᒡᒐᖅᑐᐃᓪᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᓄᖕᓂᑦ 13ᓂ ᓄᓇᓕᖕᓂᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ, ᓄᓇᕗᒥ.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓃᒃᑯᑦ ᑎᓕᔭᐅᓯᒪᓪᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᓄᖕᓄᑦ ᑎᒥᖁᑎᒋᙱᔭᐅᔪᑦ ᒪᓕᒃᖢᒍ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᖏᕈᑎᖓ. ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓃᒃᑯᑦ ᐃᓚᒋᔭᐅᖃᑕᐅᔪᖅ ᐱᖓᓲᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᐊᕕᒃᑐᖅᓯᒪᔪᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᓐᓂᑦ ᐊᒃᑐᐊᖓᔪᓄᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᑐᙵᕕᒃᑯᓐᓄᑦ; ᑖᒃᑯᐊ ᐊᓯᖏᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ ᕿᑎᕐᒥᐅᓂ, ᑭᕙᓪᓕᕐᒥᓗ.

ᒪᕐᕉᒃ ᑎᒥᖁᑎᒋᔭᐅᔫᒃ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓃᒃᑯᓐᓄᑦ: ᑲᑭᕙᒃ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ, ᐱᓕᕆᐊᒃᓴᖃᖅᑐᓂᒃ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᐊᔪᓕᕆᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᒥᑭᔪᓂᒃ ᓇᖕᒥᓂᓕᕆᓂᕐᒧᑦ; ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑖᒃᑯᐊ ᕿᑭᖅᑖᓗᒃ ᑯᐊᐳᕇᓴᒃᑯᑦ, ᐱᓐᖑᖅᑎᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᓂᐊᕐᒪᑕ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᐊᑎᑦᑎᓕᕆᔨᒋᔭᐅᓪᓗᑎᒃ ᑭᒡᒐᖅᑐᖅᖢᑎᒃ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓃᒃᑯᓐᓂ.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

QIKIQTANI INUIT ASSOCIATION

Qikiqtani Inuit Association SAIMAQATIGIINGNIQ FUND 2022–2023 ANNUAL REPORT 5

Mission: QIA advances the rights and benefits of Qikiqtani Inuit
through protecting and promoting our social, political, economic,
and cultural interests; while safeguarding the land, waters, and
resources that sustain our communities.

Vision: Political and cultural empowerment, social equality, economic prosperity, and a healthy environment for Qikiqtani Inuit.

ᐱᔾᔪᑎᕗᑦ: ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ ᓯᕗᒧᐊᑦᑎᑦᑎᕙᑦᑐᑦ ᐱᔪᓐᓇᐅᑎᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐱᕚᓪᓕᕈᑎᔅᓴᖏᓐᓂᓪᓗ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓄᓇᓖᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᓴᐳᔾᔨᓪᓗᑎᒃ ᐊᑐᖅᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᒃᑲᓂᕐᐸᑦᑐᑎᓪᓗ ᐃᓅᓯᕐᒨᖓᔪᓂᑦ, ᑲᑎᒪᔨᐅᕕᑦᑎᒎᖓᔪᓂᑦ, ᒪᑭᒪᓇᓱᐊᕈᑎᑎᒎᖓᔪᓂᑦ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓕᖅᑯᓯᖅᑎᒍᑦ ᐱᔾᔪᑎᒋᕙᑦᑕᖏᓐᓂᒃ; ᓴᐳᔾᔨᓯᓐᓈᑦ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ, ᐃᒫᓂ ᐊᕙᑎᒥᐅᑕᖏᓐᓂᓪᓗ ᐋᖅᑭᐅᒪᑎᑦᑎᕙᑦᑐᓂᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᑦᑎᓐᓂᒃ.

ᐃᓱᒪᒋᓯᒪᔭᕗᑦ: ᑲᑎᒪᔨᐅᕕᑦᑎᒍᑦ ᐃᓕᖅᑯᓯᖅᑎᒍᓪᓗ ᐱᔪᓐᓇᕐᓯᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᒃᑲᓂᕐᓂᕐᒥᒃ, ᓄᓇᖅᑲᑎᒌᓂᑦ ᐊᔾᔨᒌᑎᑦᑎᓂᕐᒥᒃ, ᒪᑭᒪᓇᓱᐊᕈᑎᑎᒍᑦ ᒪᑭᒪᓂᕐᒥᒃ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᖃᓄᐃᙱᑦᑎᐊᕐᓗᓂ ᐊᕙᑖ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓄᓇᓖᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓃᒃᑯᑦ ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔭᕐᕕᖏᑦ

QIA DEPARTMENTS

ᓯᕗᓕᖅᑏᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᕕᖓ
ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓃᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᖓᔪᖅᑳᖓ
ᑐᑭᒧᐊᒍᑎᒃᓴᓄᑦ ᑐᓴᐅᒪᖃᑦᑕᐅᑎᓕᕆᔨᒃᑯᑦ

ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓕᕆᔨᒃᑯᑦ
ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔭᖅᑐᓕᕆᔨᒃᑯᑦ
ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᔾᔪᑎᓄᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᕝᕕᒃ

ᓄᓇᓕᕆᔨᒃᑯᑦ ᓄᓇᓂᒃ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᔩᑦ
ᑕᕆᐅᓕᕆᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐆᒪᔪᓕᕆᓂᕐᒧᓪᓗ ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔭᕐᕕᒃ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᔭᑐᖃᖏᑦ ᐊᒻᒪ ᐃᓚᐅᑎᑦᑎᓂᖅ
ᐃᓅᓯᓕᕆᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐸᕐᓇᐃᔨᑦ

Executive Management
QIA President
Strategic Communications Division
Finance Division
Human Resources Division
Administration Division

Department of Lands and Resource Management Department of Marine and Wildlife
Department of Inuit Qaujimajatuqangit and Engagement Department of Social Policy

Inuuqatikkai! I am pleased to present you with the 2022–2023 Saimaqatigiingniq Annual Report. This report outlines the programs we have developed and continue to deliver in the Qikiqtani Region under the Saimaqatigiingniq Fund.

The Qikiqtani Truth Commission (QTC) remains to be one of QIA’s
top priority files since receiving the Government of Canada’s official acknowledgement and apology in August of 2019.

Understanding and retelling the truth about this part of our history is of the utmost importance to me. One way to begin the healing process of past traumas is through education, reflection, and acceptance.

Upon the conclusion of the QTC, commissioner James Igloliorte defined Saimaqatigiingniq in his final 2010 report as, “a new relationship, the kind that happens when past opponents get back together, meet in the middle, and are at peace”. Our board echoes this statement by continuing to work collaboratively with the Government of Canada towards reconciliation and supporting Inuit in our region.

ᐃᓅᖃᑎᒃᑲᐃ! ᖁᕕᐊᓱᑦᑐᖓ ᓴᖅᑭᑎᑦᑎᔭᕆᐊᔅᓴᖅ ᐃᓕᔅᓯᓐᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᓐᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑎᓂᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᓂᑦ. ᑖᒃᑯᐊ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᓇᓗᓇᐃᔭᐃᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᓂᑦ ᐋᖅᑭᓱᕐᓯᒪᔭᑦᑎᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓱᓕ ᐱᔨᑦᑎᕋᐅᑎᒋᕙᑦᑕᑎᓐᓂᒃ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓄᑦ ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᓐᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᑎᒍᑦ.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓱᓕᔪᒥᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᓱᓕ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᓐᓂᑦ ᓯᕗᓪᓕᐸᐅᑦᑎᐅᔾᔭᐅ-ᓯᒪᒻᒪᑕ ᑲᒪᒋᕙᑦᑕᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑕᐃᒪᙵᑦ ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᓐᓂᑦ ᓇᓗᓇᐃᕐᓯᓪᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᓕᓴᕆᔭᐅᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᒻᒪᑕ ᒪᒥᐊᕝᕕᐅᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᒻᒪᑕᓗ ᐋᒡᒌᓯᐅᑎᓪᓗᒍ 2019ᒥ.

ᑐᑭᓯᐊᓂᖅ ᐅᖃᐅᓯᖃᒃᑲᓂᕐᓂᕐᓗ ᓱᓕᔪᒥᒃ ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᓂᑯᓂᒃ ᐅᕙᓐᓄᑦ ᐱᒻᒪᕆᐅᓂᕐᐹᖑᒻᒪᑦ. ᐅᓇ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᔪᓐᓇᕐᖓᑦ ᐊᓂᒍᐃᕙᓪᓕᐊᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂᓴᕐᓂᑦ ᐅᖁᒪᐃᑦᑐᒃᑰᕈᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ ᐊᖅᑯᑎᒋᓗᒋᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕈᑏᑦ, ᐃᓱᒪᔅᓴᕐᓯᐅᕈᑎᖃᕐᓂᖅ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐊᖏᕈᑎᖃᕐᓂᖅ.

ᐱᔭᕇᕐᐸᓪᓕᐊᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ, ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑎ ᔭᐃᒥᓯ ᐃᒡᓗᓕᐅᖅᑎ ᓇᓗᓇᐃᕐᓯᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᒻᒪᑦ ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᓐᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐱᔭᕇᕈᑎᒋᓪᓗᓂᒋᑦ 2010ᒥ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᖏᓐᓂᒃ
ᑕᐃᒫᒃ, “ᓄᑖᕐᒥᒃ ᐱᓕᕆᖃᑎᒌᓐᓂᖅ, ᑕᒪᓐᓇ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᓲᖅ ᐊᑭᕋᕇᒥᓃᑦ ᑲᑎᒃᑲᓐᓂᓲᖑᒻᒪᑕ,
ᐹᖅᑐᑎᒃ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓱᒪᒋᔪᓐᓇᐃᖅᑎᒌᑦᑐᑎᒃ ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖅᑐᑎᒃ”. ᑲᑎᒪᔨᕗᑦ ᑕᐃᒫᔅᓴᐃᓐᓇᖅ
ᐅᖃᕐᓯᒪᒻᒪᑕ ᓇᓗᓇᐃᖅᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᒥᒃ ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑦᑎᓂᖅ ᐃᑲᔪᖅᑎᒌᓐᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐱᓕᕆᖃᑎᖃᕐᓗᑎᒃ
ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᓐᓂᑦ ᓴᐃᒻᒪᐅᑎᓗᑎᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᑦ ᑕᒫᓂ
ᓄᓇᑦᑎᓐᓃᑦᑐᓂᑦ.

ᑐᓴᕋᔅᓴᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᖏᔪᖅᑳᖓᓐᓂᑦ, ᐅᓛᔪᒃ ᐊᑭᓱᒃ

MESSAGE FROM QIA PRESIDENT, OLAYUK AKESUK

6 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

ᐅᑐᐱᕆ 2022ᒥ, ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᑎᓕᐅᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᓯᒪᖃᑎᒌᓐᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐊᖏᖃᑎᒌᒍᑎᓂᑦ ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᓪᓗ ᐱᓇᓱᐊᕈᑎᖃᕐᓂᐊᕐᖓᑕ ᐱᕈᖅᐸᓪᓕᐊᑎᑦᑎᔾᔪᑎᔅᓴᓂᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐋᖅᑭᓯᒪᐃᓐᓇᓕᕐᓂᐊᕐᖓᑕ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᑦ ᐃᑲᔫᑎᐅᕙᑦᑐᑦ ᐊᑐᖅᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᒃᑲᓐᓂᕈᑕᐅᕙᑦᑐᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐊᑐᕐᓯᒪᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂᓴᕐᓂᑦ, ᓲᖑᓯᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᕐᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᓕᖅᑯᓯᖓᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐋᖅᑭᔅᓱᐃᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᓄᓇᖅᑲᑎᒌᑦᑎᐊᖅᑐᓂᑦ.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᓱᓕ ᐊᖏᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑦᑎᒍᒪᑦᑎᐊᖅᑐᑎᒃ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᓂᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᔅᓴᖃᖅᑎᑦᑎᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᑲᔪᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᑦ ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᑎᒍᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖑᕙᑦᑐᓂᑦ.

ᖁᔭᓐᓇᒦᒃ,

– ᐅᓛᔪᒃ ᐊᑭᓱᒃ

In October 2022, QIA signed a Memorandum of Understanding with the Government of Canada to seek a final investment and to have a permanent set of programs that promote learning Inuit history, strengthening Inuit culture and creating healthy communities.

QIA remains dedicated and encouraged in providing programs
and support to Qikiqtani Inuit through Saimaqatigiingniq
Fund programming.

Qujannamiik,

– Olayuk Akesuk

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It is an honor to share with you the progress made this year on QTC priorities. While COVID-19 restrictions and lockdowns prevented us from starting Saimaqatigiingniq Fund programming in 2020–2021,
QIA staff have worked hard over the last two years to implement QTC recommendations. QIA continues to plan and ensure programs are delivered in an efficient and effective manner. QIA staff are dedicated to implementing and upholding the vision by ways of educating, empowering, or advocating the recommendations of the QTC.

We have seen many great activities over the last year and are planning for many more. Over the winter of 2022, we engaged with Inuit in Qikiqtarjuaq and Pangnirtung on the travel and healing program. This year, we will continue community engagements for travel and healing and potential site visits. Further to this, we are working towards education and awareness on governance with Nunavut Tunngavik Inc. and the Government of Nunavut.

ᐅᐱᒍᓱᑦᑐᖓ ᐃᓕᔅᓯᓐᓄᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᖃᕆᐊᔅᓴᖅ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᐊᓯᒪᓂᖏᑕ ᒥᔅᓵᓄᑦ ᑕᒫᓂ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᒥ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᓯᕗᓪᓕᐅᑎᓯᒪᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ. ᖃᓂᒪᓇᖅᑐᖅ−ᓄᕙᕐᔪᐊᕐᓇᖅ ᐱᔾᔪᑎᒋᓪᓗᒍ ᑭᓪᓕᓕᐅᕈᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᔪᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᒪᑐᓯᒪᐅᔪᔪᑦ ᐱᒋᐊᕈᑎᒋᓇᓵᔪᒐᑦᑎᒍ ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᓐᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᑦ ᐱᓕᐊᔅᓴᓂᑦ 2020–2021ᒥ, ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔭᖅᑎᖏᑦ ᐊᔅᓱᕈᐊᖃᖅᑐᑎᒃ ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔭᕐᓯᒪᒻᒪᑕ ᒪᕐᕉᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᕐᕌᒎᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᓂᒍᖅᑑᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᑐᓕᖅᑎᑦᑎᕙᓪᓕᐊᓪᓗᑎᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑎᓂᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ. ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᓱᓕ ᐸᕐᓇᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᑦᑎᐊᕋᓱᐊᕐᐸᑦᑐᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᑦ ᐱᔨᑦᑎᕋᐅᑕᐅᖃᑦᑕᕋᓗᐊᕐᒪᖔᑕ ᐊᑑᑎᖃᑦᑎᐊᖅᑐᒥᒃ ᐊᑐᕐᓂᖃᑦᑎᐊᖅᑐᒥᓪᓗ. ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔭᖅᑎᖏᑦ ᐊᖏᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖅᑎᑦᑎᕙᓪᓕᐊᓂᐊᕐᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑦᑎᓂᐊᕐᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐃᓱᒪᒋᓯᒪᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑎᑦᑎᒍᑕᐅᓂᐊᕐᖓᑕ, ᐱᔪᓐᓇᕐᓯᑎᑦᑎᒍᑕᐅᓂᐊᕐᖓᑕ, ᐅᕝᕙᓘᓐᓃᑦ ᓂᐱᒋᔭᐅᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓯᕆᐊᕈᑕᐅᖃᑦᑕᓂᐊᕐᖓᑕ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑎᒋᓯᒪᔭᖏᑦ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ.

ᑕᑯᓯᒪᔪᒍᑦ ᐊᒥᓱᓂᑦ ᐱᐅᔫᑎᐊᓗᓐᓂᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖑᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᓂ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐸᕐᓇᓯᒪᓪᓗᑕ ᐊᒥᓱᒃᑲᓂᕐᓄᑦ ᓱᓕ. ᐅᑭᐅᖅ 2022ᒥ, ᑲᑎᖃᑎᖃᔪᔪᒍᑦ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᕐᔪᐊᕐᒥᐅᓂᑦ
ᐸᓐᓂᖅᑑᒥᐅᓂᓪᓗ ᐊᐅᓪᓚᕐᓯᒪᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᒪᒥᓴᕐᓂᒧᓪᓗ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖅᑎᒍᑦ. ᑕᒫᓂ
ᐊᕐᕌᒍᒥ, ᑲᔪᓯᓂᐊᖅᑐᒍᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᖃᑎᖃᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐊᐅᓪᓚᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒧᑦ
ᒪᒥᓴᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒧᓪᓗ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑕᑯᔭᖅᑐᖃᑦᑕᓂᐊᖅᑐᓴᐅᓪᓗᑕ ᓄᓇᓂᑦ. ᐊᒻᒪᓗᑦᑕᐅᖅ ᓱᓕ,
ᐱᓕᕆᒻᒥᔪᒍᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓂᕐᒨᖓᔪᓂᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐅᔾᔨᕈᓱᑦᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᕈᑎᔅᓴᓂᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᓂᕐᒥᒃ
ᐱᖃᑎᖃᖅᑐᑕ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᑐᙵᕕᒃᑯᑦ ᑎᒥᖓᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᓐᓂᑦ.

ᑐᓴᕋᔅᓴᑦ ᓚᐃᓴ ᓂᖏᐅᕐᒥᒃ, ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓱᓕᔪᒥᒃ
ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑎᓅᖓᔪᓂᑦ ᓯᕗᓕᖅᑎ

MESSAGE FROM LIZA NINGIUK, QIKIQTANI TRUTH COMMISSION PORTFOLIO LEAD

8 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

I encourage you to follow our social media pages and to connect with QIA staff in the Department of Social Policy for updates on Saimaqatigiingniq Fund initiatives.

The Department of Social Policy is working towards hosting another Qimuksiqtiit gathering for the winter of 2023 – please watch our social media pages or websites for updates.

This years Simaqatigiingniq Report is dedicated to you all.

Qujannamiik,

– Liza Ningiuk

ᑎᓕᐅᖅᑲᔅᓯ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᓇᓱᐊᖃᑦᑕᖁᓪᓗᓯ ᐃᓅᓕᒫᓄᑦ ᑐᓴᕋᔅᓴᓕᕆᕕᑦᑎᒍᑦ ᓴᖅᑭᖅᑕᐅᕙᑦᑐᓂᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐅᖃᕐᕕᖃᖃᑦᑕᖁᓪᓗᓯ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔭᖅᑎᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐃᓅᓯᓕᕆᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐸᕐᓇᐃᔨᒃᑯᓐᓂᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᕈᑎᓂᑦ ᐱᔾᔪᑎᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᓐᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᐊᕈᑕᐅᔪᓂᑦ.

ᐃᓅᓯᓕᕆᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐸᕐᓇᐃᔩᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᔪᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᑎᑦᑎᑲᓐᓂᓛᕐᖓᑕ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖅᑎᓂᑦ
ᐅᑭᐅᖅ 2023 − ᐊᑏ ᑐᓴᐅᒪᓇᓱᖃᑦᑕᓂᐊᖅᑯᓯ ᐃᓄᓕᒫᓄᑦ ᑐᓴᕋᔅᓴᓕᕆᕕᑦᑎᒍᑦ
ᐅᕝᕙᓘᓐᓃᑦ ᖃᕋᓴᐅᔭᒃᑯᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᒋᐊᕈᑎᖃᕐᕕᑦᑎᒍᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᕈᑎᑕᖃᓕᕐᒪᖔᖅ.

ᐅᑯᐊ ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᐃᓕᔅᓯᖕᓄᑦ ᑐᕌᖅᑎᑕᒃᑲ.

ᖁᔭᓐᓇᒦᒃ,
– ᓚᐃᓴ ᓂᖏᐅᖅ

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ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ ᐋᖅᑭᔅᓯᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᒻᒪᑕ ᓴᐃᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᑦ ᐋᖅᑭᔅᓱᐃᓂᐊᕐᖓᑕ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᑲᔫᑎᖃᖃᑦᑕᓂᐊᕐᖓᑕ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᓂᑦ ᑭᐅᔾᔪᑎᒋᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑎᒋᓯᒪᔭᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓱᓕᔪᒥᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓈᒻᒪᓈᕐᓯᒪᑎᒋᐊᖅᑐᒋᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᑐᕌᒐᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᐊᒐᖏᓐᓄᓪᓗ.

ᓴᐃᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᓐᓂᑦ ᐋᖅᑭᔅᓱᐃᒍᓐᓇᑎᑦᑎᓯᒪᔪᑦ
ᐱᓕᕆᐊᓂᑦ ᑲᒪᒋᔭᖃᕐᓂᐊᕐᖓᑕ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑎᒋᓯᒪᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑕᐃᒫᒃ ᑎᑎᕋᖅᑕᐅᓯᒪᒻᒪᑕ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑎᓂᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑎᑎᕋᖅᑕᐅᓯᒪᒻᒪᑕ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓱᓕᔪᒥᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᐱᔭᕇᕈᑎᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᓂᑦ: ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑦᑎᓂᖅ ᓴᐃᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒥᒃ. ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑎᒋᓯᒪᔭᖏᑦ ᑎᓴᒪᐅᓕᖅᑲᖓᓪᓗᑎᒃ ᐋᖅᑭᓯᒪᔪᑦ:

• ᐃᓕᓴᕆᔭᐅᓗᑎᒃ ᒪᒥᓴᕈᑎᖃᕐᓗᑎᓪᓗ ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂ ᐱᑦᑎᐊᖅᑕᖏᔾᔪᑎᒥᓂᕐᓂᑦ,

• ᓲᖑᓯᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᕐᓂᖅ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᓂᕆᕙᑦᑕᖓᓐᓂᒃ,

• ᓲᖑᓯᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᕐᓂᖅ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᓕᖅᑯᓯᖓᓐᓂᒃ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ
• ᐋᖅᑮᓂᖅ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᒪᑭᑕᑦᑎᐊᖅᑐᓂᑦ.

ᑕᒫᓂ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᒥ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᓇᐃᓈᕐᓯᒪᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᓇᓗᓇᐃᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᓂᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖑᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ ᐄᐳᓗ 1, 2022ᒥ ᒫᑦᓯ 31, 2023ᒧᑦ.

QIA established the Saimaqatigiingniq Fund to develop and support programs that respond to recommendations of the QTC and align with QIA’s goals and mandate.

The Saimaqatigiingniq Fund allowed QIA to establish programs to address the QTC recommendations as developed by the commission and documented in the Qikiqtani Truth Commission’s Final Report: Achieving Saimaqatigiingniq. The QTC recommendations are grouped in four areas:

• Acknowledging and Healing Past Wrongs,

• Strengthening Inuit Governance,

• Strengthening Inuit Culture, and

• Creating Healthy Communities.

This annual report summarizes the Saimaqatigiingniq Fund programming activities from April 1, 2022 to March 31, 2023.

ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᓐᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᑦ

SAIMAQATIGIINGNIQ FUND

10 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐱᒋᐊᖅᑎᑦᑎᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑎᓂᑦ ᑲᒪᒋᔭᖃᕐᓂᐊᕐᖓᑕ ᐃᓘᓐᓇᖏᓐᓅᖓᔪᓂᑦ ᐃᓅᓯᕐᒨᖓᔪᓂᑦ ᓈᒻᒪᑦᑐᓕᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᔾᔪᓯᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐊᑐᐊᒐᕐᓂᑦ, ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖏᓐᓂᑦ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑐᑭᑖᕈᑎᒋᖃᑦᑕᕐᓯᒪᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᑦ ᐊᑯᓐᓂᖏᓐᓂ ᐅᑯᐊ 1950 ᐊᒻᒪ 1975. ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᓄᓕᒫᓂᑦ ᖃᐅᔨᓴᖅᑕᐅᖁᔨᖃᑦᑕᕐᓯᒪᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᑕᒪᒃᑯᓂᖓ ᖃᓪᓗᓈᑦ ᐱᐅᓯᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᔾᔪᓯᕐᓂᑦ ᑭᐅᔭᐅᖃᑦᑕᕐᓯᒪᙱᒻᒪᑕ.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐅᑉᐱᕆᔭᖃᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᒻᒪᑕ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐱᕕᖃᖅᑕᐅᒋᐊᖃᖅᑐᒋᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᓵᙵᑦᑎᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᑲᓇᑕᒥᐅᑦ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᓐᓂᑦ ᐊᐅᓪᓛᕈᒪᙱᑦᑐᓂᑦ ᐊᐅᓪᓛᑎᑦᑎᒐᓱᐊᒡᒐᕐᓯᒪᓂᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐊᐅᓪᓛᖅᑎᑕᐅᓯᒪᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ, ᕿᒻᒦᔭᖅᑕᐅᓯᒪᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑲᑎᑕᐅᓕᖅᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᐱᓂᐊᕐᓂᐅᓯᒪᔪᓄᑦ. ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᓂᐱᓕᐅᕆᖃᑦᑕᓯᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᒻᒪᑕ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᖅᑐᓂᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᑦ 2004ᖑᑎᓪᓗᒍ.

2007ᒥ, ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓱᓕᔪᒥᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᐋᖅᑭᑦᑕᐅᓪᓚᑦᑖᓯᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓱᓕᔪᒥᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᐱᔭᕇᕈᑎᖏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᓴᖅᑭᖅᑕᐅᒻᒪᑕ: ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑦᑎᓂᖅ ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᓐᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᓴᖅᑭᖅᑕᐅᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ 2010ᖑᑎᓪᓗᒍ.

QIA initiated the QTC to undertake a comprehensive social justice inquiry into the Government of Canada’s colonial policies, programs, and decisions between 1950 and 1975. Inuit calls for a public inquiry into these colonial practices had gone unanswered.

QIA believed Inuit deserved to have the opportunity to confront the Canadian government about forced relocation, killing of qimmiit,
and other assimilative actions. In 2004, QIA began the recording
of testimonials from Qikiqtani Inuit.

In 2007, the Qikiqtani Truth Commission was officially established
with the Qikiqtani Truth Commission’s Final Report: Achieving Saimaqatigiingniq published in 2010.

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ᐱᕙᓪᓕᐊᓯᒪᓂᖏᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓱᓕᔪᒥᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ

HISTORY OF THE QIKIQTANI TRUTH COMMISSION

ᐱᔭᕇᕈᑎᖏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ: ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑦᑎᓂᖅ ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᓐᓂᕐᒥᒃ, ᑎᑎᕋᕐᓯᒪᒻᒪᑕ ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᑕ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᔾᔪᓯᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᔾᔪᑎᒥᓂᕐᓂᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒥᐅᓂᑦ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᑦ.

ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᐱᔾᔪᑎᓖᑦ ᐱᖓᓱᓂᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓂᑦ ᐊᐱᕐᓱᖃᑦᑕᕈᒥᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ, ᐅᓂᒃᑳᖑᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂᓴᕐᓂᑦ ᖃᐅᔨᓴᕈᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᓂᑯᒥᓂᕐᓂᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓄᑦ ᐃᓄᓐᓄᑦ ᒫᓐᓇᐅᓕᖅᑐᖅ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᔾᔪᓯᐅᕙᓕᖅᑐᓄᑦ. ᐱᔭᕇᕈᑎᖏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᓇᓗᓇᐃᔭᐃᓯᒪᔪᑦ 25ᓂᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ ᑲᒪᒋᔭᐅᔭᕆᐊᓕᓐᓂᑦ.

ᐊᑯᓂᐊᓗᒃ ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔮᖃᓚᐅᖅᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ, ᐋᒡᒌᓯ 14, 2019ᒥ, ᑲᓇᑕᒥᐅᑦ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓯᓂᖃᓪᓚᑦᑖᓯᑕᐃᓐᓇᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᒪᒥᐊᓐᓂᖃᓪᓚᑦᑖᓯᑕᐃᓐᓇᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓄᑦ ᐃᓄᓐᓄᑦ. ᑖᓐᓇ ᒪᒥᐊᓐᓂᖅ ᓇᓗᓇᐃᕐᓯᔾᔪᑎᒋᔪᔭᖓ ᑭᐅᕈᓕᓐ ᐱᐊᓇᑦ,

ᒥᓂᔅᑕᖓᑦ ᑲᓇᑕᒥ−ᓄᓇᖃᖅᑳᕐᓯᒪᔪᓄᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᖃᑎᒌᓐᓂᐅᔪᓄᑦ, ᐃᖃᓗᓐᓂ. ᒥᓂᔅᑕ ᒪᒥᐊᓐᓂᖃᔪᔪᖅ ᐱᔾᔪᑎᖃᖅᑐᓂ ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᓐᓂᕐᒥᒃ − ᑖᓐᓇ ᐃᒫᒃ ᑐᑭᓕᒃ ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂ ᐊᑭᕋᖅᑐᖅᑎᒌᒥᓃᑦ ᑲᑎᓪᓗᑎᒃ, ᐹᖅᑐᑎᒃ ᐃᓱᒪᒋᔪᓐᓇᐃᖅᑎᒌᑦᑐᑎᒃ ᓴᐃᒻᒪᐅᑎᓪᓗᑎᒃ.

ᓇᓗᓇᐃᕐᓯᔪᔪᖅ ᐊᐅᓪᓛᖅᑎᑕᐅᒐᓱᐊᒡᒐᖅᑐᑎᒃ ᐊᐅᓪᓛᖅᑎᑕᐅᓂᒥᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ

ᐃᓚᒌᓪᓗ ᐊᕕᑎᑕᐅᓂᒥᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ, ᕿᒻᒦᔭᖅᑕᐅᓂᒥᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐱᓂᐊᕐᕕᐅᓯᒪᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐅᓚᕕᑦᑎᒍᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᒥᒃ ᐃᓅᓯᕆᓚᐅᖅᑕᖓᓐᓂᒃ
ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓄᓇᓖᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ. ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᑦ ᓇᓗᓇᐃᕐᓯᒍᑎᖃᔪᔪᑦ ᐱᒻᒪᕆᐊᓗᓐᓂᑦ ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔮᖃᕐᓯᒪᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂᓴᐃᑦ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᓴᖅᑭᖅᑕᐅᓪᓗᑎᒃ.

The Final Report: Achieving Saimaqatigiingniq, chronicles the Government of Canada’s colonial practices subjected on Qikiqtani Inuit. The report distills three years of interviews, testimony, and archival research about the experiences of Qikiqtani Inuit with modern-day colonialism. The Final Report also outlines 25 recommendations
for action.

After decades of work, on August 14, 2019, the Canadian Government finally issued a formal acknowledgement and apology to Qikiqtani Inuit.

This apology was delivered by Carolyn Bennett, the Minister of Crown Indigenous Relations, in Iqaluit. The Minister offered the apology in the spirit of Saimaqatigiingniq – a concept that means when past opponents
come together, meet in the middle and are at peace with one another.

She acknowledged forced relocation and family separation, killing of
qimmiit and other actions that disrupted the way of life for Qikiqtani
Inuit. The Government also acknowledged the important work of the
QTC in bringing this history to the forefront.

12 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᒪᒥᐊᓐᓂᖓ ᐃᓚᖃᔪᔪᖅ ᐃᑲᔫᑎᓂᑦ ᓴᐃᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᑦ. ᑕᐃᒫᒃ ᑲᑦᑐᖓᐃᕈᑎᖃᕐᓯᒪᓪᓗᑎᒃ, ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐋᖅᑭᔅᓱᐃᔪᓐᓇᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᓯᕗᓪᓕᕐᒥ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐱᔨᑦᑎᕋᐅᑎᖃᕈᓐᓇᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᓴᐃᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᓂᑦ
− ᑭᓯᐊᓂ ᑖᒃᑯᐊ ᐱᒋᐊᕐᖓᐅᑎᑐᐃᓐᓇᐃᑦ. ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᓂᕆᐅᑦᑐᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᐃᑦ ᐊᒥᓱᕈᒃᑲᓂᕐᓂᐊᕆᐊᖏᑕ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓂᕆᐅᑦᑐᑎᒃ ᑕᒪᕐᒥᒃ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓄᓇᓖᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐱᕚᓪᓕᕈᓯᐊᖃᑦᑕᓂᐊᕐᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᓴᐃᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᑎᒍᑦ.

ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ 25 ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑎᒋᓯᒪᔭᖏᑦ ᐋᖅᑭᔅᓯᓯᒪᒻᒪᑕ ᓴᐃᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᔅᓴᐅᓂᐊᖅᑐᓂᑦ.

Canada’s apology was accompanied by a contribution to the Saimaqatigiingniq Fund. With this commitment, QIA has been able to set up the initial fund and deliver Saimaqatigiingniq programming – but this is just the beginning. QIA expects the fund to grow and looks forward to every Qikiqtani Inuit benefiting from Saimaqatigiingniq Fund programs.

The QTC’s 25 recommendations provide the framework for the Saimaqatigiingniq Fund programs.

ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᖅ: ᐱᓕᕆᖃᑎᒌᓕᒃᑲᓐᓂᕐᓂᖅ ᓯᕗᒧᐊᕈᑎᒃᓴᓂ, ᑖᒃᑯᐊ ᐊᑭᕋᕇᓚᐅᖅᑐᑦ ᑲᑎᒃᑲᓐᓂᕈᓐᓇᕐᓗᑎᒃ ᐱᓕᕆᖃᑎᒌᒍᓐᓇᕐᓗᑕ, ᐊᒻᒪ ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᒍᓐᓇᖅᓯᓗᑎᒃ

Saimaqatigiingniq: a new relationship, the kind that happens when past opponents get back together, meet in the middle, and are at peace

Qikiqtani Inuit Association SAIMAQATIGIINGNIQ FUND 2022–2023 ANNUAL REPORT 13

ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓯᓂᖅ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᒪᒥᓴᕈᑎᖃᕐᓂᖅ ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂ ᑕᒻᒪᕈᑎᒥᓂᕐᓂᒃ

ACKNOWLEDGING AND HEALING PAST WRONGS

1

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ ᓴᖅᑭᑎᑦᑎᓚᑦᑖᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᓈᒪᔪᒥᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓕᓴᕆᔭᐅᓪᓚᑦᑖᖁᔨᓗᑎᒃ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᓂᒃ ᖃᐅᔨᔭᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ.

The Qikiqtani Inuit Association should formally present the full QTC report to the Government of Canada and request
a formal acknowledgement of the report’s findings.

2

ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂᓕᓴᐃᑦ ᓄᐊᓯᒪᔭᖏᑦ (ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ, ᑐᑭᓯᐅᒪᔾᔪᑎᔅᓴᐃᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᒥᓃᓪᓗ) ᑕᑯᔭᔅᓴᐅᔪᓐᓇᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᑕᒪᕐᒥᒃ ᐱᖃᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓄᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑭᓇᑐᐃᓐᓇᕐᒧᑦ ᖃᐅᔨᔪᒪᔪᒧᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᑦᑎᐊᕈᒪᔪᓄᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑕᑯᑎᑦᑎᑦᑎᐊᕈᒪᒐᔭᖅᑐᓄᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᓪᓚᑦᑖᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ.

The QTC historical collection (reports, database and testimonies) should be made accessible to all participants and anyone interested in understanding and presenting an accurate picture of the Qikiqtani Region’s history.

3

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ ᐸᓖᓯᒃᑯᓪᓗ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓯᓚᑦᑖᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᐃᑲᔫᑎᖃᕐᓯᒪᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐸᓖᓯᒥᐅᒥᓃᑦ
ᐃᓚᖏᓪᓗ ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔮᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐸᓖᓯᒃᑯᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ.

The QIA and the RCMP should formally recognize the contributions of Inuit Special Constables
and their families to the work of the RCMP in the Region.

4

ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᑦ ᐋᖅᑮᔭᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᑕᓪᓗᕈᑎᒧᑦ (Dundas Harbour) ᐊᐅᓪᓛᖅᑎᑕᐅᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᒥᓂᕐᓄᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᒃ ᐸᐸᑕᐅᓂᐊᖅᑐᓂᒃ ᑭᖑᕚᖏᑦ ᐃᓚᒌᑦ ᐊᕕᑎᑕᐅᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐊᐅᓪᓛᖅᑎᑕᐅᓂᒥᓂᖏᑦ ᐱᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᐊᐅᓪᓚᖃᑦᑕᕈᓐᓇᖁᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᑭᙵᕐᓂᑦ ᐃᑉᐱᐊᕐᔪᒻᒧᑦ ᐃᓚᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑕᑯᔭᖅᑐᕐᓗᑎᒃ.

The Government of Canada should set up a Dundas Harbour Relocation Trust Fund to allow descendants of families separated
as a result of this relocation to travel between Cape Dorset and Arctic Bay for periodic family visits.

5

ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖃᖅᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᓖᑦ ᓄᓇᒋᕙᑦᑕᒥᓂᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᒪᒥᓴᕆᐊᖃᑦᑕᕈᑎᔅᓴᓂᒃ ᐃᓚᒌᓄᑦ ᐊᑦᑐᖅᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓄᑦ ᐊᑐᕈᓐᓃᖅᑎᑕᐅᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᓂᖏᓐᓄᑦ
ᐅᑯᐊ ᕿᕕᑦᑑᖅ, ᐹᓪᓚᕝᕕᒃ ᖁᕐᓗᑑᕐᓗ (ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ) ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ.

The Government of Canada should provide funding for on-site healing programs for the families affected by the closing of Kivitoo, Padloping and South Camp (Belcher Islands) communities.

6

ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᑦ ᐊᑭᓖᔭᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᐊᑭᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᓇᓂᓯᓇᓱᑦᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᑕᑯᔭᖅᑐᖃᑦᑕᑎᓪᓗᒋᓪᓗ ᐃᓗᕕᖅᑕᐅᓯᒪᕕᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐃᓚᖏᑕ ᐃᓅᒍᓐᓃᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᒥᓃᑦ

ᖃᓪᓗᓈᑦ ᓄᓇᖓᓐᓂ ᐋᓐᓂᐊᕕᓕᐊᕐᓯᒪᓪᓗᑎᒃ, ᐊᓂᒍᐃᔪᓐᓇᖁᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᐃᓚᒌᑦ.

The Government of Canada should defray the costs of allowing Inuit to locate and visit the burial sites of family members
who died in southern Canada during medical treatment, in order to provide closure for those families.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓱᓕᔪᒥᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ
ᐱᔭᕇᕈᑎᒋᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᖏᑦ − ᐊᑐᓕᕐᑯᔭᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ

14 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

ᐱᔪᓐᓇᕐᓯᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᕐᓂᖅ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᒍᓐᓇᕐᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ

STRENGTHENING INUIT GOVERNANCE

7

ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᒪᓕᒐᓕᐅᕐᕕᒃ ᐃᓕᓯᓪᓚᑦᑖᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᑦ ᐋᖅᑭᑦᑕᐅᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᒻᒪᑕ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᓄᓇᑖᕐᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐊᔩᖃᑎᒌᒐᓱᓐᓂᖅ ᐃᖏᕐᕋᔾᔪᑕᐅᓪᓗᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᓇᒻᒥᓂᖅ-ᐅᓚᑦᑎᔪᓐᓇᕐᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ, ᑕᐃᒪᐃᒻᒪᑦ, ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑐᕌᒐᖏᑦ ᐱᔪᒪᓯᒪᔭᖏᓪᓗ ᓯᕗᒧᐊᑦᑎᑕᐅᔪᓐᓇᕐᖓᑕ ᓯᕗᒧᐊᑦᑎᑕᐅᔭᕆᐊᖃᖅᑐᑎᓪᓗ ᐊᖅᑯᑎᒋᓗᒋᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᖃᕐᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᓐᓂᒃ.

The Nunavut Legislative Assembly should formally assert that Nunavut and the Government of Nunavut were created by the Nunavut land claims negotiations as vehicles for Inuit self- government, and, therefore, that Inuit goals and aspirations can and should be advanced through the Government of Nunavut working collaboratively with Inuit organizations.

8

ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᑦ ᑲᒪᖃᑦᑕᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᖃᐅᑕᒫᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᓂᐅᔪᓂᒃ ᒪᓕᓪᓗᑎᒃ ᑲᒪᒋᔭᔅᓴᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑲᒪᒋᔭᔅᓴᒫᖏᓐᓂᓪᓗ ᒪᓕᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ
ᐊᖏᕈᑏᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑎᑎᕋᕐᓯᒪᓂᖓ 35 ᐱᖁᔭᕐᔪᐊᓂᑦ.

The Government of Nunavut should conduct its day-to-day operations in keeping with its obligations and responsibilities
under the Nunavut Agreement and section 35 of the Constitution.

9

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ ᐋᖅᑮᔭᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᕐᒥᒃ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᒃ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᐊᑎᑦᑎᔪᓐᓇᓂᐊᖅᑐᒥᒃ ᐊᑐᖅᑎᑦᑎᔪᓐᓇᓂᐊᖅᑐᒥᓪᓗ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐃᓕᓯᒪᔭᐅᔪᓂᒃ ᐊᑐᕆᐊᖃᕐᓂᐊᖅᑕᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐱᔪᓐᓇᕐᓯᑎᑦᑎᕚᓪᓕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᕕᖏᑎᒍᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᐱᖃᑕᐅᑎᑦᑎᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᑕᒪᐃᓐᓂᒃ ᐃᓄᖁᑎᖏᓐᓂᒃ.

The Qikiqtani Inuit Association should establish a program that will enable Inuit to develop and utilize the governance skills
they will require to strengthen their political and community engagement in a civil society.

10

ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᑲᓇᑕᐅᓪᓗ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᑦ ᐊᑐᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᑕᒪᕐᒥᒃ ᐱᓂᐊᕈᑎᒋᒋᐊᖃᖅᑕᓕᒫᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖏᑦ ᐱᔨᑦᑎᕋᐅᑎᖏᓪᓗ ᑭᒃᑯᑐᐃᓐᓇᕐᓄᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ
ᐊᑐᕋᔅᓴᐅᖁᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᓄᓇᓖᑦ ᐃᓗᐊᓂ.

The Governments of Nunavut and Canada should take all necessary action to make their programs and services for the people
of Nunavut accessible at the local level.

Qikiqtani Truth Commission

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11

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ ᐋᖅᑮᔭᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᐋᖅᑭᓯᒪᓂᕆᓂᐊᖅᑕᖏᓐᓂᒃ (ᑐᙵᕕᖏᑦ, ᐊᑐᐊᒐᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᔾᔪᓯᖏᓪᓗ) ᑕᒪᕐᒥᒃ ᓇᒻᒥᓂᓕᓐᓄᑦ,
ᑭᒃᑯᑐᐃᓐᓇᕐᓄᑦ ᖃᐅᔨᓴᕐᓂᒧᓪᓗ ᐱᓕᕆᕕᓐᓄᑦ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᖃᑦᑕᕋᔭᖅᑐᓂᒃ ᑲᒪᒋᔭᖃᕐᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑐᓴᕆᐊᕐᕕᖃᕐᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᑦ.

The Qikiqtani Inuit Association should develop a framework (principles, policies and techniques) for all private,
public and research agencies to use in conducting consultations with Inuit.

12

ᖃᐅᔨᒪᒋᐊᕐᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᓕᖅᑯᓯᖓᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᐅᒪᔭᐅᑦᑎᐊᓂᕐᓴᐅᒐᓗᐊᕐᒪᖔᖅ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᓐᓂᒃ ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔭᖅᑎᓂᒃ ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔮᖃᕐᐸᑦᑐᓂᒃ ᐊᑦᑐᐃᓂᖃᕐᐸᑦᑐᓂᒃ ᐃᓄᓐᓄᑦ, ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᑲᓇᑕᒥᓗ, ᐃᑲᔪᖅᑎᖃᕐᓗᑎᒃ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᓐᓂ, ᐋᖅᑮᔭᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑦᑎᓗᑎᓪᓗ ᐃᓕᖅᑯᓯᓕᕆᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᑕᒪᕐᒥᒃ ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔭᖅᑎᓄᑦ.

To ensure that Inuit culture is better understood by government employees whose work affects the Inuit, the Governments of Nunavut
and Canada, assisted by the Qikiqtani Inuit Association, should develop and deliver cultural training to all such employees.

13

ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᑲᓇᑕᐅᓪᓗ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᑦ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑕᒪᕐᒥᒃ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ, ᐃᑉᐱᒍᓱᑦᑎᐊᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᐃᓚᓕᐅᔾᔨᓗᑎᓪᓗ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᔭᑐᖃᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ
ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑕᒪᕐᒥᒃ ᑐᑭᓕᐅᕈᑎᒋᕙᑦᑕᓕᒫᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ.

The Governments of Nunavut and Canada, and all Inuit organizations, should respect and incorporate Inuit Qaujimajatuqangit
and Inuit Traditional Knowledge in all decision-making in Nunavut.

14

ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᑦ ᐃᕐᖐᓐᓇᖅ ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑦᑎᑦᑕᐅᑎᒋᒋᐊᓖᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᑦ ᓄᓇᕐᔪᐊᕐᒥ ᓇᓗᓇᐃᕈᑎᒋᓯᒪᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐱᔪᓐᓇᐅᑎᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᖃᖅᑳᕐᓯᒪᔪᓄᑦ
ᐃᓕᓯᒪᙱᒃᑲᓗᐊᕐᓗᑎᒃ.

The Government of Canada should immediately endorse the UN Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples without qualifications.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓱᓕᔪᒥᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ
ᐱᔭᕇᕈᑎᒋᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᖏᑦ − ᐊᑐᓕᕐᑯᔭᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ

16 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

ᐱᔪᓐᓇᕐᓯᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᒃᑲᓂᕐᓂᖅ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᓕᖅᑯᓯᖓᓐᓂᒃ

STRENGTHENING INUIT CULTURE

15

ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕐᓂᓕᕆᔨᒃᑯᖏᑦ ᐋᖅᑮᔭᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᓯᐊᒻᒪᖅᑎᕆᓗᑎᓪᓗ ᐃᓄᑦᑎᑐᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓄᓐᓄᑦ-ᑐᕌᖓᔪᓂᒃ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕈᑎᔅᓴᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᓕᒫᓄᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓕᓴᕕᒻᒥ ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔭᖅᑎᓄᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖅᑎᑕᐅᓴᐃᕋᐃᖃᑦᑕᖁᓪᓗᒋᑦ.

The Government of Nunavut Department of Education should develop and distribute an Inuktitut and Inuit-based curriculum
to all communities and direct school officials to implement it as soon as possible.

16

ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕐᓂᓕᕆᔨᒃᑯᖏᑦ ᐱᖃᓯᐅᔾᔨᔭᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂᓕᓴᕐᓂᒃ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᓂᑯᓂᒃ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑎᑦᑎᔾᔪᑎᒋᕙᑦᑕᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐱᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕐᓂᓕᕆᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕈᑎᔅᓴᖏᓐᓄᑦ.

The Government of Nunavut’s Department of Education should include historical material from the QTC reports in the Nunavut education curriculum.

17

ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᑦ ᐋᖅᑮᔭᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᔅᓴᖃᖅᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᒃᑲᓂᕐᓗᑎᓪᓗ ᐊᑐᖅᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᕈᑕᐅᓂᐊᖅᑐᓂᒃ ᑭᖑᕚᕇᑦ ᐊᑐᕐᓯᒪᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑕᒪᒃᑯᓇᙵᑦ ᐃᓄᑐᖃᕐᓂᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᕿᑐᕐᖓᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐃᓅᓱᑦᑐᓂᓪᓗ ᐃᓅᓱᓐᓂᕐᓴᐃᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᖏᓐᓇᖁᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᐃᓄᑐᖃᕐᓂᒃ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓄᑐᖃᐃᑦ ᐃᓚᐅᓕᕆᐊᒃᑲᓐᓂᕐᓗᑎᒃ ᖃᐅᑕᒫᑦ
ᐃᓅᓯᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ.

The Government of Nunavut should develop and deliver more programs that actively promote intergenerational experiences
between Elders and Inuit children and youth to ensure that young people continue to learn from Elders, and that Elders become
more involved in the daily lives of communities.

18

ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᓄᓇᕗᓪᓗ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᖃᑎᒌᒋᐊᓖᑦ ᐋᖅᑮᓗᑎᒃ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖃᖅᑎᑦᑎᓗᑎᓪᓗ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐅᖃᐅᓯᖓᓐᓂᒃ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕋᔅᓴᓂᒃ ᐋᖅᑭᓯᒪᒍᑕᐅᓂᐊᖅᑐᒥᒃ ᑕᒪᕐᒥᒃ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᖃᓪᓗᓈᓪᓗ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᖃᑦᑕᕈᓐᓇᖁᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐅᖃᐅᓯᖓᓐᓂᒃ.

The Governments of Canada and Nunavut should work together to develop and fund Inuit Language programs
that will ensure that all Inuit and Qallunaat in Nunavut have the opportunity to learn the Inuit Language.

19

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ ᐱᒋᐊᖅᑎᑦᑎᔭᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐊᑐᕐᓯᒪᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᔅᓵᓄᑦ ᑕᖅᑭᖃᖅᑎᑦᑎᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒥᒃ, ᐱᒋᐊᖅᑎᑕᐅᓗᓂ ᑕᒪᓐᓇ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ
ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑭᖑᓂᐊᒍᑦ ᓯᐊᒻᒪᖅᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᑲᓇᑕᓕᒫᒧᑦ.

The Qikiqtani Inuit Association should initiate an Inuit History Month, launching the event in Nunavut and later extending it to all of Canada.

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ᐱᔪᓐᓇᕐᓯᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᕐᓂᖅ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᒍᓐᓇᕐᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ

CREATING HEALTHY COMMUNITIES

20

ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᒪᓕᒐᓕᐅᕐᕕᒃ ᐃᓕᓯᓪᓚᑦᑖᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᑦ ᐋᖅᑭᑦᑕᐅᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᒻᒪᑕ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᓄᓇᑖᕐᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐊᔩᖃᑎᒌᒐᓱᓐᓂᖅ ᐃᖏᕐᕋᔾᔪᑕᐅᓪᓗᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᓇᒻᒥᓂᖅ-ᐅᓚᑦᑎᔪᓐᓇᕐᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ, ᑕᐃᒪᐃᒻᒪᑦ, ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑐᕌᒐᖏᑦ ᐱᔪᒪᓯᒪᔭᖏᓪᓗ ᓯᕗᒧᐊᑦᑎᑕᐅᔪᓐᓇᕐᖓᑕ ᓯᕗᒧᐊᑦᑎᑕᐅᔭᕆᐊᖃᖅᑐᑎᓪᓗ
ᐊᖅᑯᑎᒋᓗᒋᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᖃᕐᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᓐᓂᒃ.

The Government of Canada should formally acknowledge that the levels of suicide, addiction, incarceration and social dysfunction
found in the Qikiqtani Region are in part symptoms of intergenerational trauma caused by historical wrongs.

21

ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᑦ ᑲᒪᖃᑦᑕᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᖃᐅᑕᒫᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᓂᐅᔪᓂᒃ ᒪᓕᓪᓗᑎᒃ ᑲᒪᒋᔭᔅᓴᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑲᒪᒋᔭᔅᓴᒫᖏᓐᓂᓪᓗ ᒪᓕᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ
ᓄᓇᑖᕐᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐊᖏᕈᑏᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑎᑎᕋᕐᓯᒪᓂᖓ 35 ᐱᖁᔭᕐᔪᐊᓂᑦ.

The Governments of Canada and Nunavut should ensure that sufficient Inuit social, mental health and addiction workers
and programs are available to meet the needs of all Nunavut communities.

22

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ ᐋᖅᑮᔭᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᕐᒥᒃ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᒃ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᐊᑎᑦᑎᔪᓐᓇᓂᐊᖅᑐᒥᒃ ᐊᑐᖅᑎᑦᑎᔪᓐᓇᓂᐊᖅᑐᒥᓪᓗ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐃᓕᓯᒪᔭᐅᔪᓂᒃ ᐊᑐᕆᐊᖃᕐᓂᐊᖅᑕᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐱᔪᓐᓇᕐᓯᑎᑦᑎᕚᓪᓕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᕕᖏᑎᒍᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᐱᖃᑕᐅᑎᑦᑎᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᑕᒪᐃᓐᓂᒃ ᐃᓄᖁᑎᖏᓐᓂᒃ.

The Governments of Canada and Nunavut should ensure that government health, social and education programs and services
are available to the people of Nunavut on a basis equivalent to those taken for granted by Canadians in the South.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓱᓕᔪᒥᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ
ᐱᔭᕇᕈᑎᒋᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᖏᑦ − ᐊᑐᓕᕐᑯᔭᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ

18 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

23

ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᑲᓇᑕᐅᓪᓗ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᑦ ᐊᑐᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᑕᒪᕐᒥᒃ ᐱᓂᐊᕈᑎᒋᒋᐊᖃᖅᑕᓕᒫᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖏᑦ ᐱᔨᑦᑎᕋᐅᑎᖏᓪᓗ ᑭᒃᑯᑐᐃᓐᓇᕐᓄᑦ
ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐊᑐᕋᔅᓴᐅᖁᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᓄᓇᓖᑦ ᐃᓗᐊᓂ.

The Governments of Canada and Nunavut should address Inuit housing needs through provision of short-,
medium- and long-term funding to ensure adequate and safe homes for all.

24

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ ᐋᖅᑮᔭᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᐋᖅᑭᓯᒪᓂᕆᓂᐊᖅᑕᖏᓐᓂᒃ (ᑐᙵᕕᖏᑦ, ᐊᑐᐊᒐᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᔾᔪᓯᖏᓪᓗ) ᑕᒪᕐᒥᒃ ᓇᒻᒥᓂᓕᓐᓄᑦ, ᑭᒃᑯᑐᐃᓐᓇᕐᓄᑦ ᖃᐅᔨᓴᕐᓂᒧᓪᓗ ᐱᓕᕆᕕᓐᓄᑦ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᖃᑦᑕᕋᔭᖅᑐᓂᒃ ᑲᒪᒋᔭᖃᕐᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑐᓴᕆᐊᕐᕕᖃᕐᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᑦ.

The Government of Nunavut and the Qikiqtani Inuit Association should work together to facilitate and promote Inuit participation
in hunting, fishing and gathering practices that will sustain and strengthen Inuit culture and food security, improve nutrition
and support local economies.

25

ᖃᐅᔨᒪᒋᐊᕐᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᓕᖅᑯᓯᖓᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᐅᒪᔭᐅᑦᑎᐊᓂᕐᓴᐅᒐᓗᐊᕐᒪᖔᖅ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᓐᓂᒃ ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔭᖅᑎᓂᒃ ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔮᖃᕐᐸᑦᑐᓂᒃ ᐊᑦᑐᐃᓂᖃᕐᐸᑦᑐᓂᒃ ᐃᓄᓐᓄᑦ,
ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᑲᓇᑕᒥᓗ, ᐃᑲᔪᖅᑎᖃᕐᓗᑎᒃ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᓐᓂ, ᐋᖅᑮᔭᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑦᑎᓗᑎᓪᓗ ᐃᓕᖅᑯᓯᓕᕆᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᑕᒪᕐᒥᒃ
ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔭᖅᑎᓄᑦ.

The Governments of Canada and Nunavut should provide training and other support that will allow Inuit to actively participate
in Arctic environmental studies and activities.

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2004 2005 2006 2007 2010

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓃᒃᑯᑦ
ᓄᐊᑦᑎᒋᐊᓯᓚᐅᖅᓯᒪᔪᑦ

ᐅᓂᒃᑳᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᑦ
ᕿᒻᒦᔭᖅᑕᐅᓂᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ.

QIA began receiving and
recording testimonies
from Inuit on the
killing of qimmiit.

ᒪᓕᒐᓕᐅᕐᕕᔾᔪᐊᕐᒥ ᑲᑎᒪᔨᕋᓛᖏᑦ
ᓄᓇᖃᖅᑐᑐᖃᓕᕆᓂᕐᒧᑦ

ᑐᓵᑎᑕᐅᔪᑦ ᕿᒻᒦᔭᕐᓂᐅᑉ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ.

The House of Commons

Standing Committee on
Aboriginal Affairs and
Northern Development
hears accounts of the

killing of qimmiit.

ᐸᓖᓯᒃᑯᑦ ᓴᖅᑭᑎᑦᑎᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ
ᐅᓂᒃᑳᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐱᔭᕇᕈᑎᖃᖅᑐᑎᒃ
ᖃᐅᔨᒍᑎᔅᓴᖃᖅᑕᖃᙱᒪᒡᒎᖅ
ᐸᕐᓇᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᒥᒃ

ᕿᒻᒦᔭᐃᓂᒥᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ. ᐸᓖᓯᒃᑯᑦ
ᐅᓂᒃᑳᖏᑦ ᕿᓚᒥᕕᔾᔪᐊᕌᓗᒃ
ᕿᐱᓗᑦᑕᐅᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ
ᐊᑐᓚᐅᖅᓯᒪᔭᖏᓐᓂ.

The RCMP produce a report
for Parliament responding
to the allegations of
qimmiit killing. The report
contradicts and rejects Inuit
accounts of this history.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᓇᒻᒥᓂᖅ ᐋᖅᑮᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ
ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖃᖅᑎᑦᑎᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ
ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑎᓂᑦ ᐋᖅᑭᔅᓱᐃᓂᐊᕐᖓᑕ
ᐃᓚᓕᐅᔾᔨᓯᒪᓂᕐᓴᓂᑦ ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂ

ᑐᑭᑖᕈᑕᐅᕙᑦᑐᒥᓂᕐᓂᑦ
ᖃᓄᐃᓕᐅᕈᑕᐅᕙᑦᑐᒥᓂᕐᓂᓪᓗ
ᐊᑦᑐᐃᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐊᑯᓐᓂᖏᓐᓂ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᐃᑦ
1950 ᐊᒻᒪᓗ 1975. 350ᓗᐊᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ

ᐅᓂᒃᑳᓚᐅᖅᑐᑦ.

QIA initiates and finances a truth
commission to create a more
inclusive history of decisions
and events that affected Inuit
living in the Qikiqtani Region
between 1950 and 1975.
Approximately 350
people testify.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓱᓕᔪᒥᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑎᒃᑯᑦ
ᐱᔭᕇᔪᔪᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᒃᓴᖏᓐᓂᒃ
ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑖᓐᓇ ᓄᖅᑲᖓᓕᖅᑐᖅ
ᐃᖅᑲᖅᑐᐃᔨᐅᔪᖅ, ᔭᐃᒥᓯ
ᐃᒡᓗᓕᐅᖅᑎ ᓴᖅᑭᑎᑦᑎᓪᓗᓂ

ᑭᖑᓪᓕᖅᐹᖅᓯᐅᑎᓂᒃ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᓕᐊᓂᒃ:
ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᒃᐸᓪᓕᐊᓂᕐᒥᒃ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ
ᐃᓗᓕᖃᖅᖢᓂ 25ᓂ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔭᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ
ᖃᓄᐃᓕᐅᕆᐊᖅᑕᐅᖁᔭᐅᔪᓄᑦ.

The Qikiqtani Truth Commission
concludes its work and retired
Justice, James Igloliorte issues
the Final Report: Achieving
Saimaqatigiingniq, which
includes 25 recommendations
for action.

20 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓃᒃᑯᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᕆᔭᕕᓂᖏᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ

ᓱᓕᔪᒥᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᒃ ᐱᔾᔪᑎᒋᓪᓗᒋᑦ

2013

2014 2019 2019 2020 2022

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓃᒃᑯᑦ ᓴᖅᑭᑎᑦᑎᔪᑦ
ᐃᓄᑐᐃᓐᓇᕐᓄᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓱᓕᔪᒥᒃ

ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᖏᓐᓂᒃ,
ᑭᖑᓪᓕᖅᐹᓂᒃ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᓂᒃ:
ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᒃᐸᓪᓕᐊᓂᕐᒥᒃ.
ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓃᒃᑯᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᖕᓄᑦ
ᐳᓚᕋᓚᐅᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᓴᖅᑎᑦᑎᔭᖅᑐᖅᖢᑎᒃ
ᖃᐅᔨᔭᐅᓚᐅᖅᑐᓂᒃ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓱᓕᔪᒥᒃ

ᑭᓪᓕᓯᐊᖅᑎᒃᑯᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᖏᓐᓂᑦ.

QIA publicly releases the
Qikiqtani Truth Commission
reports, Final Report: Achieving
Saimaqatigiingniq. QIA staff
travels to each Qikiqtani
community to share these
report findings.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓃᒃᑯᑦ
ᓄᑖᓐᖑᖅᑎᕆᓚᐅᖅᑐᖅ
ᐊᔭᐅᖅᑐᐃᓂᕆᓂᐊᖅᑕᖓᓂᒃ
ᑎᓕᓯᓇᓱᓪᓗᑎᒃ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᑦ
ᖃᓄᐃᓕᐅᕆᐊᖁᔭᐅᓯᒪᓗᑎᒃ
ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔭᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ
ᓴᖅᑭᑕᐅᓚᐅᖅᑐᓄᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᓂ
ᓱᓕᔪᒥᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑎᒃᑯᓐᓄᑦ.

QIA renews lobbying efforts
to compel the Government
to take action on the
recommendations made
by the Qikiqtani Truth
Commission.

ᒥᓂᔅᑕ ᕕᐊᓂᑦ ᓇᓗᓇᐃᖅᓯᕗᖅ
ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᒪᒥᐊᖦᖢᓂ ᒐᕙᒪᑐᖃᒃᑯᑦ
ᖃᓄᐃᓕᐅᕐᓂᕆᖃᑦᑕᓚᐅᖅᑕᖏᓐᓂᒃ
ᐃᓄᖕᓄᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓄᓇᓕᖕᓂ 1950 ᐊᒻᒪᓗ
1975ᓗ ᐊᑯᓐᓂᖓᓂ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑐᓴᖅᑎᑦᓯᓪᓗᓂ

ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖃᖅᑎᑦᓯᓂᐊᕐᓂᖏᓐᓄᑦ
ᖃᓄᐃᓕᐅᕆᐊᕈᑕᐅᔪᓐᓇᖁᓪᓗᒋᑦ
ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔭᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓱᓕᔪᒥᒃ
ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑎᒃᑯᓐᓂ.

Minister Bennett formally
acknowledges and apologizes
for the Government of Canada’s
actions towards Inuit in the
Qikiqtani region between 1950
to 1975 and announces the initial
investment towards action on the
recommendations of the Qikiqtani
Truth Commission.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐱᒋᐊᔪᔪᑦ

ᓴᐃᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᑦ
ᐱᓕᕆᐊᓂᑦ ᐅᑯᓂᖓ ᕿᒻᒥᓂᑦ
ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᒃᑲᓂᕐᓂᖅ,
ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂᓴᐃᑦ ᐊᒻᒪ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᓂᖅ,
ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐊᐅᓪᓚᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒧᑦ
ᒪᒥᓴᕐᓂᒧᓪᓗ.

QIA begins
Saimaqatigiingniq Fund
programming in the areas
of qimmiit revitalization,
history and governance,
and travel and healing.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐋᖅᑮᔪᔪᑦ
ᐱᕈᕐᐸᓪᓕᐊᑎᑦᑎᔾᔪᑎᔅᓴᑲᓐᓂᕐᓂᑦ

ᐅᖓᑖᓃᑦᑐᓂᑦ $25 ᒥᓕᐊᓐ
ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᓐᓂᑦ
ᓴᐃᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᑦ
ᐱᓕᕆᐊᓄᑦ.

QIA secures an additional
investment of over
$25 million from the
Government of Canada

towards Saimaqatigiingniq
Fund programming.

Qikiqtani Inuit Association SAIMAQATIGIINGNIQ FUND 2022–2023 ANNUAL REPORT 21

TIMELINE OF QIA’S WORK ON THE
QIKIQTANI TRUTH COMMISSION

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᕕᑦᑐᐃᓯᒪᒻᒪᑕ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ 25ᓂᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑎᒋᓯᒪᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᒪᓕᑦᑐᒋᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖃᕈᓐᓇᕐᓂᖏᑦ ᐱᔨᑦᑎᕋᐅᑎᖃᕐᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᕐᓂᑦ.

ᐅᓪᓗᒥᒧᑦ ᑎᑭᑦᑐᒍ ᑎᓴᒪᑦ 25ᓂᑦ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑎᓂᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ. ᐱᔭᕇᕐᓯᓯᒪᒐᓗᐊᖅᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ, ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᓱᓕ ᓂᐱᒋᔭᐅᖃᑦᑕᓂᐊᖅᑐᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓱᐃᒍᑎᖃᕐᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᓄᓐᓄᑦ ᑖᒃᑯᐊ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐱᔾᔪᑎᒋᓪᓗᒋᑦ. ᖁᓕᐅᙱᒐᖅᑐᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᒫᓐᓇ ᐃᓚᒋᔭᐅᒻᒪᑕ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔮᔅᓴᓂᑦ ᐸᕐᓇᓯᒪᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ. ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᓯᕗᓪᓕᐅᔾᔨᔪᑦ ᑖᒃᑯᓂᖓ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ ᑕᑯᑎᑦᑎᒍᑕᐅᓯᒪᓪᓗᑎᒃ ᒫᓐᓇ ᓴᐃᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᓂᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐸᕐᓇᐅᑎᒋᓯᒪᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ.

ᐊᒥᐊᒃᑯᖏᑦ 12 ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᒍᑕᐅᔭᕆᐊᖃᕐᖓᑕ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ, ᑲᓇᑕᒥ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᓐᓂᑦ ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑕᐅᔪᓐᓇᓂᐊᕐᖓᑕ. ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᓱᓕ ᓯᕗᒧᐊᑦᑎᑦᑎᕙᓪᓕᐊᓂᐊᖅᑐᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᐊᕋᔅᓴᓂᑦ ᑖᒃᑯᓄᖓ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓅᖓᔪᓂᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓱᐃᓗᑎᒃ ᓂᐱᒋᔭᐅᖃᑦᑕᕐᓗᑎᒃ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓄᓇᓖᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐱᔾᔪᑎᒋᓪᓗᒋᑦ.

QIA has categorized the QTC’s 25 recommendations based on QIA’s capacity to deliver programming.

To date four of the 25 QTC recommendations have been accomplished. Despite their completion, QIA will continue to advocate for Inuit within these recommendations. Nine recommendations are currently part of QIA’s workplan.

The remaining 12 recommendations require partnerships with territorial, federal, and Inuit governments to accomplish. QIA will
continue to advance initiatives related to these recommendations
and advocate on behalf of Qikiqtani Inuit.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᐊᓂᖓᑦ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ
ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑎᒋᓯᒪᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖃᖅᑐᑎᒃ

QIA’S PROGRESS ON THE QTC RECOMMENDATIONS

22 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

9 ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᓯᕗᓪᓕᐅᔾᔭᐅᒻᒪᑕ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᒫᓐᓇ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᔅᓴᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐸᕐᓇᐅᑎᖏᓐᓃᑦᑐᑎᒃ

Recommendations are priorities and are in QIA’s current workplan

4 ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ

Recommendations have been accomplished

4 ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᑲᔪᓯᕙᓪᓕᐊᔪᑦ ᑭᓯᐊᓂ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᒍᑕᐅᔭᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑕᐅᔪᓐᓇᓂᐊᕐᖓᑕ

Recommendations are advancing but require partnerships to accomplish

8 ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᓐᓂᑦ ᓂᐱᖃᐅᑕᐃᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖅᑎᑕᐅᕙᓪᓕᐊᖁᓪᓗᒋᑦ

ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᓐᓂᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᖏᓐᓂᒃ

Recommendations QIA is advocating for implementation
by other government partners

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2019

2021

ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ

ACCOMPLISHED

ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᑦ ᒪᒥᐊᕝᕕᖃᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᒻᒪᑕ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ
ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓇᓗᓇᐃᕐᓯᒍᑎᖃᖅᑐᑎᒃ ᓯᕗᓪᓕᕐᒥ

ᐱᕈᕐᐸᓪᓕᐊᑎᑦᑎᒍᑕᐅᓂᐊᖅᑐᓂᑦ ᐅᖓᑖᓃᑦᑐᓂᑦ $20 ᒥᓕᐊᓐ
ᓴᐃᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓄᑦ ᑐᕌᖓᔪᓂᑦ

The Government of Canada apologized to Qikiqtani
Inuit and announced an initial investment of over
$20 million towards the Saimaqatigiingniq Fund

ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓯᔪᔪᑦ ᐅᖁᒪᐃᑦᑐᒃᑰᕈᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ
ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂ ᐱᑦᑎᐊᙱᒍᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ

The Government of Canada acknowledged
the trauma caused by historical wrongs

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐸᓖᓯᒃᑯᑦ ᓴᖅᑭᑎᑦᑎᔪᔪᑦ ᓇᓗᓇᐃᒃᑯᑕᕐᒥᒃ
ᓴᓇᐅᒐᕐᒥᒃ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓯᒍᑕᐅᓪᓗᓂ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᑦ ᐸᓖᓯᒥᐅᖑᕙᑦᑐᒥᓂᕐᓂᑦ

QIA and the RCMP unveiled a monument
recognizing Inuit Special Constables

2021ᖑᑎᓪᓗᒍ, ᓇᓗᓇᐃᕈᑦ UNDRIP ᐱᖁᔭᖅ ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑕᐅᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᖅ. ᓇᓗᓇᐃᕈᑦ UNDRIP ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᓯᔪᔪᖅ ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᓐᓄᑦ
2016ᖑᑎᓪᓗᒍ

In 2021, the UNDRIP Act was passed. UNDRIP was
adopted by the Government of Canada in 2016

ᐃᓕᓴᕆᔭᐅᓂᖃᓪᓚᑦᑖᕐᓗᑎᒃ

Formal acknowledgement

#1

ᐃᓕᓴᕆᔭᐅᖁᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ
ᐸᓖᓯᒥᐅᖑᕙᑦᑐᒥᓃᑦ

Recognition of Inuit Special
Constables

#3

ᐊᑕᐅᓯᐅᖃᑎᒌᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᒐᓴᖁᑎᓖᑦ
ᓇᓗᓇᐃᕈᑎᖓ ᐱᔪᓐᓇᐅᑎᖏᑕ

ᒥᔅᓵᓄᑦ ᓄᓇᖃᖅᑳᖅᑐᑦ

UN Declaration on the Rights
of Indigenous Peoples (UNDRIP)

#14

ᐃᓕᓴᕆᔭᐅᖁᓪᓗᒍ

ᓯᕗᓕᖏᓐᓃᙶᖅᑐᓂᑦ
ᑭᙳᕚᕆᔭᐅᔪᓄᑦ
ᐅᖁᒪᐃᑦᑐᒃᑰᕈᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ

Acknowledgement of
intergenerational trauma

#20

ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑎᒋᓯᒪᔭᖏᑦ

QTC RECOMMENDATION

24 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

ᓯᕗᓪᓕᐅᔾᔭᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ

PRIORITIES

ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑎᒋᓯᒪᔭᖏᑦ

QTC RECOMMENDATION

ᒫᓐᓇ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖏᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐸᕐᓇᑕᖏᑦ

CURRENT QIA PROGRAMMING AND PLANNING

#2

ᐃᓄᓕᒫᓄᑦ ᓴᖅᑭᕐᓗᒋᑦ
ᖃᐅᔨᒍᑎᒋᓯᒪᔭᖏᑦ

Publicize findings

ᓄᑖᕈᖅᑎᒋᐊᕐᓗᒋᑦ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᐊᑐᕐᓯᒪᔭᖏᑦ ᐋᖅᑭᓱᑦᑎᐊᕐᓗᒋᑦ ᓯᓚᑦᓴᑐᕐᕕᒻᒥ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕈᑎᐅᔪᓐᓇᕐᓯᖁᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᖃᐅᔨᓴᕈᑕᐅᖃᑦᑕᕈᓐᓇᕐᓯᖁᓪᓗᒋᑦ

Updating QTC history better suited to post-secondary education and community research

#4 ᑕᓪᓗᕈᑎᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᑦ

Dundas Harbour fund
ᑲᑎᒪᖃᑎᖃᐃᓐᓇᖃᑦᑕᕐᓗᑎᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐸᕐᓇᐃᖃᑦᑕᕐᓗᑎᒃ ᐊᐅᓪᓚᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᒪᒥᓴᕐᓂᒧᓪᓗ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᓂᑦ

On-going engagement sessions and planning of travel and healing programs

#5 ᓄᓇᒥ ᒪᒥᓴᖃᑦᑕᕐᓂᖅ

On-site healing

#9 ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᓂᖅ

Governance

ᐋᖅᑭᔅᓱᐃᓂᖅ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐱᓕᒻᒪᔅᓴᐅᑎᔅᓴᓂᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᐃᓚᒋᔭᐅᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᒃᑲᓐᓂᖃᑦᑕᕐᓗᑎᒃ

Developing a governance skills program and increasing community engagement

#15

ᐃᓄᒃᑐᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ

ᒥᔅᓵᓄᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕈᑏᑦ
Inuktut and Inuit

curriculum ᐋᖅᑭᔅᓱᐃᓂᖅ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕈᑎᔅᓴᓂᑦ ᐱᖃᑎᖃᕐᓗᑎᒃ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᓐᓂᑦ (GN) ᑐᙵᕕᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᓕᖅᑯᓯᖓᓐᓂᒃ ᐅᖃᐅᓯᖓᓐᓂᓪᓗ

ᒥᑭᔫᑕᐅᓂᕐᐹᓂᑦ−12ᒧᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᖅᑎᓄᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓐᓇᕐᓄᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᖅᑎᓄᑦ

Creating educational resources with the Government of Nunavut (GN) grounded in Inuit culture

and language for K-12 students and adult learners #16

ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ
ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕈᑎᖏᓐᓂᑦ

QTC in Nunavut
curriculum

#17

ᑭᖑᕚᕇᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕐᓂᖏᑦ

Intergenerational
learning

ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑦᑎᓂᖅ ᕿᒻᒥᓂᑦ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᒃᑲᓂᕐᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᕐᒥᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓂᐱᒋᔭᐅᓗᑎᒃ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖅᑎᑕᐅᖁᓪᓗᒍ ᑖᓐᓇ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᖅ

Continuing the Qimmiit Revitalization Program and advocating the GN to implement this recommendation

#19

ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐊᑐᕐᓯᒪᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᔅᓵᓄᑦ
ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂᓴᕐᓂᑦ ᑕᖅᑭᖅ

Inuit History Month

ᐱᓕᕆᖃᑎᖃᕐᓗᑎᒃ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᑐᙵᕕᒃᑯᓐᓂᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᓐᓂᑦ ᐊᑐᖅᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᒃᑲᓂᕐᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐊᑐᕐᓯᒪᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᔅᓴᓄᑦ ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂᕐᓴᕐᓂᑦ ᑕᖅᑭᕐᒥᒃ

Working with NTI and the GN to promote an Inuit History Month

#24 ᓅᓯᒪᓗᓂ−ᓄᓇᒥ ᐱᓕᕆᓃᑦ

Land-based activities

ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑦᑎᓂᖅ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖅᑎᓄᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᕐᒥᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐊᖏᓪᓕᑎᑦᑎᒋᕐᓂᖅ ᐃᓕᖅᑯᓯᓕᕆᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖑᕙᑦᑐᒥᒃ

Continuing the Qikiqtani Qimuksiqtiit Project and expanding cultural programming

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26 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

ᓴᐃᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᑦ ᐊᖅᑯᑎᒋᓪᓗᒋᑦ, ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐱᔪᓐᓇᕐᓯᑎᑦᑎᕙᓪᓕᐊᒻᒪᑕ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᒍᓐᓇᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓕᖅᑯᓯᖓᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᑲᔪᖅᑐᑎᒃ ᓄᓇᓖᑦ ᒪᑭᑕᑦᑎᐊᖁᓪᓗᒋᑦ.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᓴᐃᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᑦ ᒫᓐᓇ ᐱᖓᓱᓂᑦ ᐱᔾᔪᑎᖃᓗᐊᖅᑐᑦ ᑲᒪᒋᔭᐅᕙᑦᑐᓂᑦ:

• ᕿᒻᒥᓂᑦ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᒃᑲᓂᕐᓂᖅ;
• ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂᓴᓕᕆᓂᖅ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᓂᕐᓗ; ᐊᒻᒪᓗ
• ᐊᐅᓪᓚᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒨᖓᔪᓂᑦ ᒪᒥᓴᕐᓂᕐᒨᖓᔪᓪᓗ.

Through the Saimaqatigiingniq Fund, QIA is acting to strengthen Inuit governance and culture and support healthy communities.

QIA’s Saimaqatigiingniq Fund programs are currently focused on three areas of action:

• Qimmiit Revitalization;
• History and Governance; and
• Travel and Healing.

ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒨᖓᔪᓂᑦ
ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᑦ, 2022–2023 SAIMAQATIGIINGNIQ FUND
PROGRAMS, 2022–2023

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ᐅᑐᐱᕆ 2022ᒥ, ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᓇᓗᓇᐃᕐᓯᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐱᕈᕐᐸᓪᓕᐊᑎᑦᑎᔾᔪᑎᔅᓴᑲᓐᓂᕐᓂᑦ ᐊᒥᓲᓂᓕᓐᓂᑦ $25,750,000 ᐋᖅᑮᔪᒻᒪᑕ ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᓐᓂᑦ ᐱᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑐᕌᖓᔪᓂᑦ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑎᓂᑦ ᐱᔭᕇᕈᑎᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᓂᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑎᓂᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ. ᑖᒃᑯᐊ ᖄᒃᑲᓐᓂᐊᒍᑦ ᑐᓂᔭᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ $20 ᒥᓕᐊᓐ ᑐᓂᔭᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ 2019ᖑᑎᓪᓗᒍ.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᑦ ᐊᑎᓕᐅᔪᒻᒥᔪᑦ ᐃᓚᓕᐅᑎᔪᒥᒃ ᐊᖏᖃᑎᒌᒍᑎᓄᑦ ᐊᑎᓕᐅᖅᑕᐅᒋᐊᙵᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᓄᑦ 2019ᒥ. ᑖᓐᓇ ᐊᖏᖃᑎᒌᒍᑦ ᓇᓗᓇᐃᕐᓯᔪᖅ ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᑲᑦᑐᖓᐃᕈᑎᖃᕐᓂᖓᓂᒃ ᐱᓇᓱᐊᕈᑎᖃᒃᑲᓂᕐᓂᐊᕐᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐱᕈᕐᐸᓪᓕᐊᑎᑦᑎᔾᔪᑎᔅᓴᑲᓐᓂᕐᓂᑦ ᑐᕌᖓᔪᓂᑦ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᐱᔭᕇᕈᑎᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᓄᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑎᒋᓯᒪᔭᖏᓐᓄᑦ.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᐊᕈᑎᖃᕐᖓᑕ ᑭᖑᓪᓕᕐᐹᒥᒃ ᐱᕈᕐᐸᓪᓕᐊᑎᑦᑎᔾᔪᑎᔅᓴᓂᑦ ᑕᒫᓂ $31 ᒥᓕᐊᓐᖏᓐᓃᑦᑐᓂᑦ. ᐱᔭᐅᑐᐊᖅᑲᑕ, ᑭᖑᓪᓕᕐᐹᖏᑦ ᑐᓂᔭᑦ ᐃᑲᔫᑎᖃᕋᔭᖅᑐᑦ ᐋᖅᑮᑦᑎᐊᕈᑕᐅᓗᑎᒃ ᓴᐃᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᑦ. ᑲᒪᔾᔪᑕᐅᒐᔭᕐᒥᔪᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂᓴᕐᓄᑦ ᐊᑭᓕᕐᓱᕆᐊᓕᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᑲᒪᒋᔭᖃᕐᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖅᑎᑦᑎᕙᓪᓕᐊᓂᕐᒧᓪᓗ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᑦᑎᓐᓂᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑎᓃᙶᕐᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ.

In October 2022, QIA announced that an additional investment of $25,750,000 was secured from the Government of Canada towards
the QTC Final Report and QTC Recommendations. This is on top of the initial over $20 million that was secured in 2019.

QIA and the Government of Canada also signed an Addendum to the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) originally signed in 2019. This MOU confirms Canada’s commitment to seek a final investment towards
the QTC Final Report and QTC Recommendations.

QIA is seeking a final investment of approximately $31 million. Once
received, the final installment will support the full establishment
of the Saimaqatigiingniq Fund. It will also address QIA’s historical
costs to conduct and implement our work on the QTC.

28 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

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ᐃᓚᒋᔭᐅᙱᒃᑲᓗᐊᖅᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑎᒋᓯᒪᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ, ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᔨᖏᑦ ᐃᑉᐱᒍᓱᔅᓯᒪᒻᒪᑕ ᐱᒻᒪᕆᐅᔫᑎᒋᓪᓗᒍ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐱᔨᑦᑎᕋᐅᑎᖃᖅᑲᑕ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᕐᒥᑦ ᐃᑲᔫᑎᓕᒻᒥᒃ ᕿᒻᒥᓂᑦ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᒃᑲᓂᕐᓂᕐᒧᑦᔭ

ᐱᓕᕆᐊᑦ ᕿᒻᒥᓂᑦ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᒃᑲᓂᕐᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᕐᒥ ᐅᔾᔨᕆᔭᔅᓴᑦ ᖁᕕᐊᒋᔭᐅᓂᕐᐹᖑᖃᑦᑕᕐᖓᑕ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᕆᕙᑦᑕᑎᓐᓂᒃ. ᐱᓕᕆᐊᔅᓴᖃᕈᓘᔭᕐᓯᒪᕕᐅᑎᑦᑐᒍᑦ ᓱᓕ ᑕᒫᓂ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᒥ ᐃᑲᔪᖅᑐᑕ ᕿᒧᔅᓯᖁᑎᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᐊᖅᑯᑎᒋᓪᓗᒍ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖅᑎᓄᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖅ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᑲᔫᑎᒋᔪᔭᕗᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᐅᕐᔪᐊᕐᓂᕐᒧᑦ 2022.

Although not part of the final QTC recommendations, QIA Board of Directors felt that it was imperative that QIA deliver programming which supports qimmiit revitalization.

The activities under the Qimmiit Revitalization Program are proving to be QIA's most popular programs. We had another busy year supporting established dog team owners through our Qikiqtani Qimuksiqtiit Project and sponsoring Nunavut Quest 2022.

ᕿᒻᒥᓂᑦ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᒃᑲᓂᕐᓂᖅ

QIMMIIT REVITALIZATION

ᕿᒻᒥᓂᑦ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᒃᑲᓂᕐᓂᖅ $386,213 Towards qimmiit revitalization

30 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐋᖅᑭᔅᓱᐃᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᖃᕋᓴᐅᔭᒃᑯᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᐅᒪᔾᔪᑎᔅᓴᖃᕐᕕᒻᒥᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᒃᑲᓐᓂᕈᑎᔅᓴᓂᑦ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖅᑎᓂᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᑲᔪᕈᒪᓪᓗᑎᒃ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᓐᓂᑦ ᐸᕐᓇᐃᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᕿᒻᒥᓅᖓᔪᓂᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᔅᓴᑲᓐᓂᕐᓂᑦ.

ᕿᒻᒦᑦ ᒥᔅᓵᓄᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᐅᒪᔾᔪᑎᔅᓴᖃᕐᕕᒃ ᓱᓕ ᐊᖏᓪᓕᕙᓪᓕᐊᔪᖅ ᑕᐃᒫᒃ ᑕᑯᔭᔅᓴᐅᒻᒪᑕ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᓐᓂ ᑲᔪᓯᓯᒪᑦᑎᐊᖅᑐᑦ ᐊᐃᑦᑑᓯᐊᔅᓴᐅᕙᑦᑐᓄᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖅ, ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖅᑎᓄᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖅ.

ᑕᒫᓂ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᒥ, ᕿᒻᒦᑦ ᒥᔅᓵᓄᑦ ᖃᕋᓴᐅᔭᒃᑯᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᐅᒪᔾᔪᑎᔅᓴᖃᕐᕕᒃ 84ᓂᑦ ᕿᒧᔅᓯᖁᑎᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᑎᑎᕋᕐᓯᒪᔪᔪᑦ 11ᓂᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ.

ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖅᑏᑦ ᒥᔅᓵᓄᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᐅᒪᔾᔪᑎᔅᓴᖃᕐᕕᒃ

QIMUKSIQTIIT DATABASE

QIA has established a database to understand more about qimuksiqtiit (dog team practitioners) in the Qikiqtani Region and to help QIA plan additional qimmiit programs.

The qimmiit database continues to grow as shown through QIA’s
successful grant program, the Qikiqtani Qimuksiqtiit Project.

This year, the qimiit database had 84 established dog teams in 11 Qikiqtani communities.

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ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖅᑎᓂᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖅ ᐱᖓᓱᓄᑦ−ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓄᑦ ᐆᑦᑑᕋᐅᑕᐅᓪᓗᓂ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖑᒻᒪᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᑦ ᐃᑲᔫᑎᖃᖃᑦᑕᓂᐊᕐᖓᑕ ᐃᓄᓐᓄᑦ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖅᑎᓄᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ. ᐃᑲᔫᑎᐅᕙᑦᑐᑦ $3,000 ᐊᑐᐃᓐᓇᐅᔪᔪᑦ ᐃᓄᓐᓄᑦ ᕿᒻᒥᓕᓐᓄᑦ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᓂᑦ ᐃᑲᔫᑎᖃᕐᓂᐊᕐᖓᑕ ᐊᑭᓕᕐᓱᐃᔾᔪᑎᒋᒋᐊᖃᕐᐸᑦᑕᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᓲᕐᓗ ᒪᑯᓄᖓ ᐆᒪᔪᓄᑦ ᐋᓐᓂᐊᓯᐅᖅᑎᓄᑦ ᐊᑭᓕᐅᑕᐅᒋᐊᖃᓲᑦ, ᕿᒥᖅᑯᑎᔅᓴᑦ, ᕿᔪᑦ ᕿᒻᒥᓄᑦ ᑎᓯᓕᐅᕈᑎᔅᓴᑦ, ᐊᑦᑐᓈᑦ, ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓂᓪᓗ ᐊᑐᕆᐊᖃᓲᖏᓐᓂᒃ.

2022–2023ᒥ ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᙱᓐᓂᑦ ᑐᓂᓯᓚᐅᖅᑐᑦ $252,000ᓂ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖅᑎᓂ ᕿᑭᖅᑖᓗᖕᒥ.

2022–2023 ᐱᖓᔪᒋᓕᖅᑐᓂᐅᒃ ᑭᖑᓪᓕᕐᐹᕆᓪᓗᓂᐅᓪᓗ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᒋᔪᔭᖓ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖅᑎᓂᑦ ᐆᑦᑐᕋᐅᑕᐅᓪᓗᓂ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᕐᒧᑦ. ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᒫᓐᓇ ᖃᐅᔨᓴᖅᑐᑦ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᔪᓐᓇᖅᑐᓂᑦ ᓇᓖᕌᕋᔅᓴᓂᑦ ᑖᓐᓇ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖅ ᐋᖅᑭᓯᒪᐃᓐᓇᕈᓐᓇᖁᓪᓗᒍ ᓴᐃᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᑎᒍᑦ.

The Qikiqtani Qimuksiqtiit Project (QQP) is a three-year pilot project to provide financial support for Inuit qimuksiqtiit in the Qikiqtani Region. A grant of $3,000 was available to Inuit maintaining qimmiit to help cover costs such as veterinary supplies, dog food, lumber for dog houses or qamutik building, ropes, and other required supplies.

In 2022–2023, the Saimaqatigiingniq Fund provided $252,000
to qimuksiqtiit throughout the Qikiqtani Region.

2022–2023 was the third and final year for the QPP pilot project. QIA is currently assessing options to make this program permanent
through the Saimaqatigiingniq Fund.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖅᑎᓂᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖅ

QIKIQTANI QIMUKSIQTIIT PROJECT

ᑐᓂᔭᐅᔪᔪᑦ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖅᑎᓄᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ $252,000 Provided to qimuksiqtiit in the Qikiqtani Region

32 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖅᑏᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᖅᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ 84 Qimuksiqtiit supported

ᕿᑭᖅᑖᓗᒃ

QIKIQTANI REGION

ᕿᑎᕐᒥᐅᑦ

KITIKMEOT REGION

ᑭᕙᓪᓕᖅ

KIVALLIQ REGION

ᐃᒃᐱᐊᕐᔪᒃ
IKPIARJUK
(ARCTIC BAY)

ᖃᐅᓱᐃᑦᑐᖅ
QAUSUITTUQ
(RESOLUTE BAY)

ᐊᐅᓱᐃᑦᑐᖅ
AUSUITTUQ
(GRISE FIORD)

ᒥᑦᑎᒪᑕᓕᒃ
MITTIMATALIK

(POND INLET)

ᑲᖏᖅᑐᒑᐱᒃ
KANGIQTUGAAPIK
(CLYDE RIVER)

ᑭᕙᓪᓕᖅ KIVALLIQ

ᕿᑎᕐᒥᐅᑦ
QITIRMIUT
(KITIKMEOT REGION)

ᐃᒡᓗᓕᒃ
IGLULIK
(IGLOOLIK)

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᕐᔪᐊᖅ
QIKIQTARJUAQ

ᐸᓐᓂᖅᑑᖅ
PANGNIRTUNG

ᐃᖃᓗᐃᑦ
IQALUIT

ᑭᒻᒥᕈᑦ
KIMMIRUT

ᓴᓂᑭᓗᐊᖅ SANIKILUAQ

ᓴᓂᕋᔭᒃ
SANIRAJAK

ᑭᙵᐃᑦ
KINNGAIT

3

3

4

10

6

4

1

2

19

21 11

ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖅᑏᑦ ᖃᔅᓯᐅᓂᖏᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᖅᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ
ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᑦ 2022–2023

TOTAL NUMBER OF QIMUKSIQTIIT
SUPPORTED BY THE SAIMAQATIGIINGNIQ
FUND IN 2022–2023

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ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐸᕐᓇᐸᓪᓕᐊᓯᒪᒻᒪᑕ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖅᑎᓂᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᑎᑦᑎᑲᓐᓂᓛᕈᒪᓪᓗᑎᒃ, ᐃᖃᓗᓐᓂ ᑲᑎᒪᒐᔭᖅᑐᑦ ᐅᑭᐊᔅᓵᖅ 2023. ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖅᑏᑦ ᓇᑭᑐᐃᓐᓈᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᑕᒪᐅᙵᖃᑦᑕᓲᖑᒻᒪᑕ ᒪᕐᕉᒃ ᐊᕐᕌᒎᒃ ᓈᔭᕋᐃᒻᒪᑎᒃ ᑲᓲᑎᕙᑦᑐᑎᒃ, ᐃᓕᕝᕕᒋᖃᑦᑕᐅᑎᕙᑦᑐᑎᒃ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑭᐅᕙᑦᑐᑎᒃ ᖃᓄᖅ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᑦᑎᐊᕈᓐᓇᓂᕐᓴᐅᒻᒪᖔᑕ ᑖᒃᑯᓂᖓ.

ᓄᕕᐱᕆ 2021ᒥ, ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᓯᕗᓪᓕᕐᐹᑦᑎᐊᕐᒥ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖅᑎᓂᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᑎᑦᑎᔪᔪᑦ ᐃᖃᓗᓐᓂ, ᑎᑭᑎᑦᑎᓪᓗᑎᒃ ᓇᑭᑐᐃᓐᓈᖅᑐᓂᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᐊᕐᖓᑕ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑐᓴᖅᑎᑦᑎᖃᑦᑕᓂᐊᕐᖓᑕ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖃᑦᑕᕐᓂᐅᑉ ᒥᔅᓵᓅᖓᔪᓂᑦ.

QIA has been planning the next Qimuksiqtiit Regional Gathering, which will be hosted in Iqaluit in fall 2023. Dog teamers from across the region come together every two years to connect, learn from one another, and provide feedback on how QIA can best support them.

In November 2021, QIA hosted the inaugural Qimuksiqtiit Regional
Gathering in Iqaluit, flying in participants from all over the region
to attended and share their knowledge of dog teaming.

ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖅᑏᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᖓᑦ

QIMUKSIQTIIT REGIONAL GATHERING

34 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

ᒪᕐᕉᒃ−ᐊᕐᕌᒎᒃ ᐊᓂᒍᓚᐅᖅᑎᓪᓗᒋᒃ, 2022ᒥ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᐅᕐᔪᐊᕐᓂᖅ ᑲᔪᓯᔪᔪᖅ
13 ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖁᑎᓖᑦ ᐃᖏᕐᕋᓯᓪᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᒃᐱᐊᕐᔪᒻᒥ ᐄᐳᓗ 18, 2022ᖑᑎᓪᓗᒍ. ᓯᓚ ᐱᔾᔪᑎᒋᓪᓗᒍ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐱᔭᕆᐊᑐᔪᒃᑰᕈᑕᐅᔪᑦ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖅᑎᓂᑦ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᕐᔪᐊᖅᑐᓄᑦ ᑕᒻᒫᕐᓯᒪᒍᑕᐅᒋᐊᖃᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᐊᖅᑯᑖᓂ ᐅᓪᓗᓂᑦ ᐊᒥᓲᙱᑦᑑᒐᓗᐊᓂᑦ. ᕿᒧᒃᓯᐅᕐᔪᐊᖅᑐᑦ ᑎᑭᐅᑎᔪᔪᑦ ᑕᒫᓂ 450km ᐅᖓᓐᓂᓕᒻᒥᑦ ᐃᒡᓗᓕᒻᒧᑦ ᐄᐳᓗ 27ᖑᑎᓪᓗᒍ.

ᐋᒡᒌᓯ 2019ᖑᑎᓪᓗᒍ, ᐊᑯᓂ−ᐅᑕᖅᑭᔭᐅᓯᒪᓪᓗᓂ ᒪᒥᐊᓐᓂᕆᓛᖅᑕᖓ ᒥᓂᔅᑕ ᕕᐊᓇᑦ, ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᑲᑦᑐᖓᐃᕈᑎᖃᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ $100,000ᓂᑦ ᐃᑲᔫᑎᐅᓂᐊᖅᑐᓂᑦ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᐅᕐᔪᐊᕐᓂᕐᒨᖓᔪᓂᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᓂᐅᔪᓄᑦ, ᑕᐃᒫᒃ ᑐᑭᑖᕈᑎᖃᕐᓯᒪᔪᒻᒪᑕ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᐅᕐᔪᐊᕐᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐋᖅᑭᔅᓱᐃᔩᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᔨᕋᓛᑦ. ᑕᒫᓂ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᒥ, ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐃᑲᔫᑎᖏᑦ ᐊᑭᓕᐅᑕᐅᔪᔪᑦ ᓵᓚᖃᐅᓯᐊᔅᓴᓄᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓄᑦ, ᒑᓴᓖᒧᑦ, ᐅᖅᓱᖅᑎᕈᑎᓄᑦ, ᖃᒧᑕᐅᔭᕐᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᖅᑐᓄᑦ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᓂᕆᕕᔾᔪᐊᑎᑦᑎᓂᕐᒧᑦ.

After a two-year hiatus, the 2022 Nunavut Quest proceeded with
13 teams departing from Arctic Bay on April 18, 2022. Weather conditions and complications with a team had the racers staying
at camps along the way a few extra nights. The racers crossed the finish line approximately 450km away in Igloolik on April 27.

In August 2019, at the long-awaited apology by Minister Bennett, QIA committed $100,000 to support race-related activities, as determined
by the Nunavut Quest organizing committee. This year, QIA’s sponsorship
went towards prize money, gasoline, oil, snowmobile support, and
community feasts.

ᓄᓇᕗᒥ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᐅᕐᔪᐊᖃᑦᑕᕐᓂᖅ

NUNAVUT QUEST

Qikiqtani Inuit Association SAIMAQATIGIINGNIQ FUND 2022–2023 ANNUAL REPORT 35

ᓱᑯᑦᑎᐊᓃᓐᓂᖏᑦ

Standing

ᕿᒧᒃᓯᖅᑎ
Racer

ᐃᑲᕐᕋᐃᑦ:
ᑲᐃᕙᓪᓚ-
ᒍᓯᖏᑎᒍᑦ
ᓯᕿᙳᔭᐅᑉ
Hours:
Minutes:
Seconds

ᓯᕗᓪᓕᖅᐹᖅ 1ST PLACE ᔫᓇ ᖃᐅᓐᓇᖅ JONAH QAUNAQ 28:43:55

ᑐᖏᓕᐊ 2ND PLACE ᑕᐃᕕᑎ ᐆᔪᑯᓗᒃ DAVID OYUKULUK 29:43:45

ᐱᖓᔪᐊᑦ 3RD PLACE ᓖ ᐃᓄᐊᕋᖅ LEE INUARAK 29:57:25

ᑎᓴᒪᖓᑦ 4TH PLACE ᑎᐅᕆ ᐅᔭᕋᒃ TERRY UYARAK 30:23:20

ᑕᓪᓕᒪᖓᑦ 5TH PLACE ᒪᐃᑯ ᐃᓄᐊᕋᖅ MICHAEL INUARAK 34:19:30

ᐱᖓᓲᔪᖅᑐᖓᑦ 6TH PLACE ᑖᒻ ᓇᕿᑕᕐᕕᒃ TOM NAQITAQVIK 34:30:10

ᑎᓴᒪᐅᔪᙱᒐᖅᑐᖓᑦ 7TH PLACE ᒪᐃᑯ ᖃᐅᓐᓇᖅ MICHAEL QAUNAQ 36:6:55

ᑎᓴᒪᐅᔪᖅᑐᖓᑦ 8TH PLACE ᕿᓕᖅᑎ ᐃᕙᓗ QILIQTI IVALU 39:43:12

ᖁᓕᐅᙱᒐᖅᑐᖓᑦ 9TH PLACE ᑖᓇᕙᓐ ᖃᐅᓐᓇᖅ DONOVAN QAUNAQ 39:58:07

ᖁᓕᖓᑦ 10TH PLACE ᔨᐅᓚᒥ ᑯᓄ JEREMY KOONOO 43:33:59

ᖁᓕᑦ ᐊᑕᐅᓯᕐᓗ 11TH PLACE ᐋᓐᓄᓘ ᐱᓕᐱ ᑕᖅᑐ ANDREW PHILLIP TAQTU 44:24:25

ᖁᓕᑦ ᒪᕐᕉᓪᓗ 12TH PLACE ᔮᓱᐊ Hᐊᐅᓕ JOSHUA HAULLI 45:28:20

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᖁᕕᐊᓱᖃᑎᓖᑦ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᐅᕐᔪᐊᖃᑕᐅᔪᓕᒫᖑᔪᔪᓂᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᐅᕐᔪᐊᕐᓂᕐᒥ. ᕿᒧᒃᓯᕐᓂᖅ ᐅᖓᓯᓐᓂᓕᒻᒧᑦ 450km ᐅᖓᑖᓄᑦ ᑎᓴᒪᐅᔪᖅᑐᓂᑦ ᐅᓪᓗᓂᑦ ᑕᑯᔾᔪᑕᐅᕗᖅ ᓇᖅᑭᑎᑦᑎᒍᒪᑦᑎᐊᓂᔅᓯᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᖃᑦᑕᐃᓇᕐᓂᐊᕐᖓᑦ ᑕᒪᓐᓇ ᐃᓕᖅᑯᓯᑦᑕ ᐃᓚᖓᑦ.

2023ᒥ ᕿᒧᒃᓯᐅᕐᔪᐊᕐᓂᖅ ᐋᖅᑭᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᐃᒡᓗᓕᒻᒥᑦ
ᐃᒃᐱᐊᕐᔪᒻᒧᑦ ᐃᖏᕐᕋᓛᕐᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ.

QIA congratulates all the racers who participated
in the Nunavut Quest. Running dog teams over
450km in eight days show your dedication to
revitalizing this part of our culture.

The 2023 race is scheduled to go from Igloolik
to Arctic Bay.

36 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

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ᐊᒥᓱᑦ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑎᒋᓯᒪᔭᖏᑦ ᐱᔾᔪᑎᓖᑦ ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂᓴᕐᓂᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᓂᕐᒥᓪᓗ, ᐃᓚᒋᔭᐅᓪᓗᑎᒃ ᒪᑯᐊ ᐊᑐᓕᖅᑎᑦᑎᓂᖅ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᑦ ᓇᒻᒥᓂᖅ− ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᖃᑦᑕᕈᓐᓇᓂᕐᒥᒃ, ᐋᖅᑭᔅᓱᐃᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᓄᓐᓃᙶᖅᑐᓂᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕈᑎᔅᓴᓂᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᕕᖏᓐᓂᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓚᖃᕐᓗᑎᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑎᓃᙶᕐᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕈᑕᐅᕙᑦᑐᓂᑦ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐱᒋᐊᖅᑎᑦᑎᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᓄᓐᓄᑦ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᖃᑦᑕᕐᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ ᐱᔾᔪᑎᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᑕᖅᑭᖃᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒥᒃ.

ᔫᓐ 2021, ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᑦ, ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕐᓂᓕᕆᔨᖏᑦ, ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓃᒃᑯᓪᓗ ᐊᖏᖃᑎᒌᓚᐅᖅᑐᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᐊᕐᓂᕋᖅᖢᑎᒃ ᓴᖅᑭᑎᑦᑎᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᑲᔫᑎᐅᔪᓂᒃ ᑐᙵᕕᓕᖕᓂᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᓕᖅᑯᓯᖓᓂᒃ ᐅᖃᐅᓯᖓᓂᓗ. ᑕᒪᒃᑯᐊ ᐃᑲᔫᑎᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓂᐊᖅᑐᑦ ᓴᙱᓕᖅᑎᑦᑎᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐃᓕᖅᑯᓯᕐᒥᒃ ᑭᓇᐅᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓄᒃᑎᑐᑦ ᐅᖃᐅᓯᖓᓂᒃ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᒐᒃᓴᖃᕐᓗᓂ

ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕐᕕᖕᓄᑦ ᐃᑎᙱᑦᑐᓄᑦ ᓱᕐᓗ, ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓕᓵᖅᑐᓄᑦ, ᐊᒻᒪ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓕᓴᖅᑐᓂᑦ ᒥᑭᔫᑕᐅᓂᕐᐹᓂᑦ−12ᒧᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᖅᑎᓄᑦ ᐊᒻᒪ ᐃᓐᓇᕐᓄᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᖅᑐᓄᓪᓗ.

ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔭᖅᑏᑦ ᐱᒋᐊᕐᓯᒪᓕᖅᑐᑦ ᑕᒪᑐᒥᖓ ᐱᔾᔪᑕᐅᔪᙵᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑐᖏᓕᕇᓂᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑎᑦᑎᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᑕᐃᒫᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑎᓃᙶᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᖁᕝᕙᓯᓐᓂᖏᓐᓄᑦ
ᐅᑭᐅᖏᓐᓄᓪᓗ ᓈᒻᒪᑎᖅᑕᐅᓯᒪᖁᓪᓗᒋᑦ.

ᐋᖅᑭᑦᑕᐅᓂᐊᕐᓂᖓ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᒥᔅᓵᓄᑦ ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂᓴᓕᕆᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑕᖅᑭᐅᖃᑦᑕᓂᐊᖅᑐᖅ
ᐋᖅᑭᐸᓪᓕᐊᓯᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᖅ. ᖃᐅᔨᓴᕈᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᑲᓲᑎᒍᑕᐅᓯᒪᓪᓗᓂᓗ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ
ᑐᙵᕕᒃᑯᑦ ᑎᒥᖓᓐᓂ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᓐᓂ ᐃᑲᔪᖅᑎᒌᓐᓂᐊᕐᖓᑕ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ
ᐸᕐᓇᐃᓂᐊᕐᖓᑕ ᐱᒋᐊᖅᑎᑕᐅᓛᕐᓂᖓ.

ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᓂᖅ

HISTORY AND GOVERNANCE

Several QTC recommendations concern history and governance, including implementing Inuit self-governance, developing Inuit-based curriculum products in Nunavut schools and including QTC materials in Nunavut curriculum, and initiating an Inuit History Month.

In June 2021, the Government of Nunavut, Department of Education, and QIA agreed to work together to create educational resources grounded in Inuit culture and language. These resources will help
to strengthen cultural identity and Inuktitut language skills for K-12 students and adult learners.

Staff have begun the scope and sequence workshops in making sure that QTC materials are grade and age appropriate.

The creation of Inuit History Month has also started to take shape. Research and connections have been made within Nunavut Tunngavik Incorporated and the Government of Nunavut to collaborate
and plan for this launch.

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᒃᑯᑦ ᐱᒋᐊᖅᑎᑦᑎᔭᕆᐊᓖᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑕᐃᔅᓱᒪᓂᓴᐃᑦ ᒥᔅᓵᓄᑦ ᑕᖅᑭᖃᖅᑎᑦᑎᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒥᒃ, ᐱᒋᐊᖅᑎᑕᐅᓗᓂ ᑕᒪᓐᓇ ᓄᓇᕗᒥ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑭᖑᓂᐊᒍᑦ ᓯᕕᑐᓂᕐᓴᒧᑦ ᓴᖅᑭᕐᓗᒍ ᑲᓇᑕᓕᒫᒥ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᖃᑦᑕᕋᔭᕐᖓᑦ.

The Qikiqtani Inuit Association should initiate an Inuit History Month, launch the event in Nunavut and later extending it to all of Canada.

ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑎᒋᓯᒪᔭᖓᑦ # 19

QTC Recommendation # 19

38 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᐅᓪᓚᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᒪᒥᓴᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒧᓪᓗ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖓᑦ ᐱᔾᔪᑎᓕᒃ

ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑦᑎᒍᒪᓪᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᓚᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑎᓂᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ, ᓲᕐᓗ ᓄᓇᓂᑦ ᒪᒥᓴᕐᕕᖃᖃᑦᑕᕐᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᓚᒌᓄᑦ ᐊᑦᑐᖅᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓄᑦ ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᓐᓂᑦ ᐊᐅᓪᓛᖅᑎᑕᐅᒐᓱᐊᒡᒐᖅᑐᑎᒃ ᐊᐅᓪᓛᖅᑎᑕᐅᓂᑯᓄᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓄᓇᓖᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ.

ᑕᒫᓂ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᒥ, ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᐅᓪᓗᔾᔨᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᐊᑎᑦᑎᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᓄᓇᒥ ᒪᒥᓴᖅᑎᑦᑎᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᑦ ᐊᑦᑐᖅᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᑦ ᓄᓇᒋᕙᑦᑕᒥᓂᖏᑦ

ᒪᑐᔭᐅᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᕿᕕᑦᑑᕐᒥ, ᐹᓪᓚᕝᕕᒻᒥ, ᐃᑎᓪᓕᐊᕈᒻᒥᓗ.

QIA’s travel and healing program looks to accomplish some of the QTC’s recommendations, such as on-site healing programs for families affected the Government of Canada’s forced relocations of Qikiqtani Inuit.

This year, QIA focused on the development of an on-site healing programs for those Inuit affected by the closing of communities at Kivitoo, Padloping, and South Camp.

ᐊᐅᓪᓚᖃᑦᑕᕐᓂᖅ ᒪᒥᓴᕐᓂᕐᓗ

TRAVEL AND HEALING

ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᒐᕙᒪᒃᑯᖏᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖃᖅᑎᑦᑎᒋᐊᓖᑦ
ᓄᓇᒋᕙᑦᑕᒥᓂᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᒪᒥᓴᕆᐊᖃᑦᑕᕈᑎᔅᓴᓂᒃ ᐃᓚᒌᓄᑦ ᐊᑦᑐᖅᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓄᑦ ᐊᑐᕈᓐᓃᖅᑎᑕᐅᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᓂᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐅᑯᐊ

ᕿᕕᑦᑑᖅ, ᐹᓪᓚᕝᕕᒃ ᖁᕐᓗᑑᕐᓗ (ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ) ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ.

The Government of Canada should provide funding for on-site healing programs for the families affected by the closing of Kivitoo, Padloping and South Camp (Belcher Islands) communities.

ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᖁᔨᔾᔪᑎᒋᓯᒪᔭᖓᑦ # 5

QTC Recommendation # 5

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ᑎᓯᐱᕆ 2022ᖑᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᒫᑦᓯ 2023ᖑᑎᓪᓗᒍ, ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔭᖅᑎᖏᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓯᕗᓕᖅᑏᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᕐᔪᐊᓕᐊᔪᔪᑦ ᐸᓐᓂᖅᑑᒧᓪᓗ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᖃᑎᖃᕆᐊᖅᑐᖅᑐᑎᒃ ᐱᔾᔪᑎᒋᓪᓗᒍ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᐊᑎᑕᐅᓂᖓ ᐊᐅᓪᓚᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᒪᒥᓴᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒧᓪᓗ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖅ.

ᑕᒪᒃᑮᒃ ᑲᑎᒪᑎᑦᑎᓂᐅᔫᒃ ᐅᐸᑦᑕᐅᓯᒪᑦᑎᐊᔪᔫᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓄᑦ ᐃᓚᒌᑦ ᐅᖃᐅᓯᖃᖃᑦᑕᖅᑐᑎᒃ ᐊᐅᓪᓚᓛᕈᒪᓂᕋᖅᑐᑎᒃ ᓄᓇᒋᕙᑦᑕᒥᓂᖏᓐᓄᑦ

(ᐃᓚᒌᑦ ᓄᓇᒋᕙᑦᑕᖏᑦ).

ᐸᕐᓇᑦᑐᑦ ᐃᓚᒌᑦ ᕿᕕᑦᑑᓕᐊᓛᕐᖓᑕ ᐸᓪᓛᕝᕕᒻᒧᓪᓗ ᐃᓚᒋᔭᐅᓪᓗᑎᒃ ᐸᓐᓂᖅᑑᑉ ᓯᓚᑖᓂ ᓄᓇᒋᔭᐅᕙᑦᑐᒥᓃᑦ ᐊᐅᔭᖅ 2023ᖑᓕᖅᑲᑦ.

ᐃᓚᒌᑦ ᐱᕕᖃᖅᑎᑕᐅᓛᖅᑐᑦ ᐅᖃᕐᕕᖃᕈᓐᓇᕐᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᓅᓯᓕᕆᔨᓂᑦ, ᕿᔅᓵᒍᑎᒋᓯᒪᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐅᖃᐅᓯᖃᕐᓂᕐᒥᒃ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓚᒋᔭᐅᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᐅᓪᓚᕐᓯᒪᓗᓂ ᒪᒥᓴᕈᑎᓂᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐱᖅᑯᓯᖅᑎᒍᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᓂᐅᔪᓂᑦ.

ᐊᐅᔭᖅ 2023, ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔭᖅᑎᖏᑦ ᓴᓂᑭᓗᐊᓕᐊᓛᖅᑐᑦ ᓯᕗᓪᓕᕐᐹᒥ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᖃᑎᖃᕆᐊᖅᑐᕐᓗᑎᒃ ᑐᑭᓯᕕᖃᓛᕐᖓᑕ ᓄᓇᓖᑦ ᐃᓱᒪᒋᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᒪᒥᓴᕐᓂᕐᒨᖓᔪᓂᑦ ᐃᑎᓪᓕᐊᕈᒻᒥ (ᕿᑭᖅᑕᑦ).

In December 2022 and March 2023, QIA staff and officials travelled to Qikiqtarjuaq and Pangnirtung to host community engagement sessions regarding the development of a travel and healing program.

Both engagements were well attended from residents with
families expressing a desire to travel to their traditional camps (ilagiit nunagivaktangit).

Plans are underway for families to travel to Kivitoo and Padloping Island along with sites outside of Pangnirtung in summer 2023.

Families will be given the opportunity to speak with counsellors,
share their grief, and participate in other on-the-land healing and
traditional activities.

In summer 2023, QIA staff will travel Sanikiluaq to host
an initial community engagement to gauge residents’ vision
for a healing program at South Camp (Belcher Islands).

40 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

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ᑖᒃᑯᐊ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᐃᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᓐᓂᕆᔭᖏᑦ ᓇᓗᓇᐃᔭᖅᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ ᐱᔭᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓃᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᒋᔭᖓᓂᑦ ᐱᒋᐊᓚᐅᖅᑐᒥᒃ ᐄᐳᓪ 1, 2022ᒥ ᐃᓱᓕᓯᒪᓪᓗᓂ ᒫᑦᓯ 31, 2023ᒥ.

ᑖᒃᑯᐊ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᐃᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᓐᓂᕆᔭᖏᑦ ᒪᓕᒃᑐᑦ ᑎᑎᕋᖅᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ ᐃᓗᓕᖏᓐᓂ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ ᑲᑎᖅᓱᖅᓯᒪᙱᑦᑐᓂᒃ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᐃᑦ ᓇᓕᖅᑲᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑕᒻᒪᖅᓯᒪᔪᖅᓯᐅᑕᐅᕙᒃᑐᓄᑦ ᑕᒻᒪᖅᓯᒪᔪᖅᓯᐅᑎᓂ ᓕᐊᔅᑐ ᓛᓐᑕᐅᒃᑯᓄᑦ ᐊᑐᖅᖢᑎᒃ ᑲᓇᑕᒥ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓕᕆᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᒪᓕᒐᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓕᐅᖅᑎᐅᙱᑦᑐᓄ.

ᒫᑦᓯ 31, 2023ᒥᑦ, ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓃᒃᑯᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂ ᐊᑐᓚᐅᖅᑐᑦ $891,942 ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓱᓕᔪᒥᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑎᒃᑯᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᐊᒃᓴᖅ ᐋᖅᑭᒃᓱᖅᑕᐅᓂᖏᓐᓄᑦ.

The following financial summary is based on QIA’s fiscal year beginning April 1, 2022 and completing March 31, 2023.

The financial summary is based on information contained in the Qikiqtani Inuit Association’s Non-Consolidated Financial Statements as prepared for QIA by Lester Landau Chartered Professional Accountants and in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

As of March 31, 2023, QIA spent $891,942 on Qikiqtani Truth Commission program development.

ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᐃᑦ
ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᓕᖓᓂᖏᑦ, 2022–2023 SAIMAQATIGIINGNIQ FUND
FINANCIAL SUMMARY, 2022–2023

42 ᓴᐃᒻᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᑕ ᒥᒃᓵᓄᑦ 2022–2023 ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖏᑦ

ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᓂᕐᒧᑦ
Administration

$83,813
ᐊᑐᖅᑐᑦ
Expenses

$135,000

ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓕᐊᓄᑦ
Salaries

$290,415

ᐱᓕᕆᐊᕐᒥᑦ
ᐱᔨᑦᑎᕋᐅᑎᖃᕐᓂᖅ

Program development
and delivery

$397,713

$891,942 ᑕᒪᕐᒥᒃ ᑲᑎᑦᑐᒋᑦ ᓴᐃᒪᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᑦ ᐊᑭᓕᕐᓱᐃᔾᔪᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ 2022–2023ᒥ

Total Saimaqatigiingniq Fund spending in 2022–2023

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info@qia.ca 867 · 975 · 8400 www.qia.ca

Qikiqtani Inuit Assoc @Qikiqtani_Inuit @Qikiqtani_Inuit @QikiqtaniInuitAssociation @Qikiqtani_Inuit

ᑐᑭᓯᒋᐊᒃᑲᓐᓂᕈᒪᒍᕕᑦ ᕿᑭᖅᑕᓂ ᓱᓕᔪᒥᒃ ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᖅᑏᑦ ᒥᔅᓵᓄᑦ ᖃᐅᔨᒋᐊᕆᑦ ᐅᕗᖓ:
For more information about the Qikiqtani Truth Commission visit:

qtcommission.ca